Jason Willett, Director, Finance and Energy Management

Business Item 2012-385: Authorization to Negotiate for Power Purchase Agreement and Land Lease for Solar Energy at the Blue Lake WWTP



Project Objective

- Develop solar energy system for clean electrical power, for which:
 - Power will be fully utilized by plant's current electrical demand
 - Cost (on a present value basis) breaks-even or better over project's lifecycle
 - Facility buffer land can provide beneficial use without compromising future needs of plant



Procurement Approach

- Contract with private party to build 1.25 MegaWatt AC solar facility on Council land west of Blue Lake Plant
- Private party will design, build, own and operate facility (including financing capital costs)
- Council will contract to pay 25-year fixed rate for electricity delivered (Power Purchase Agreement)
- Used competitive RFP process to get best prices and technical proposals



Six Proposals Received

- OakLeaf Energy Partners
- Geronimo Energy
- Olson Energy Corporation
- Blue Lake Solar, LLC
- Ecos Energy
- Adolfson & Peterson Construction

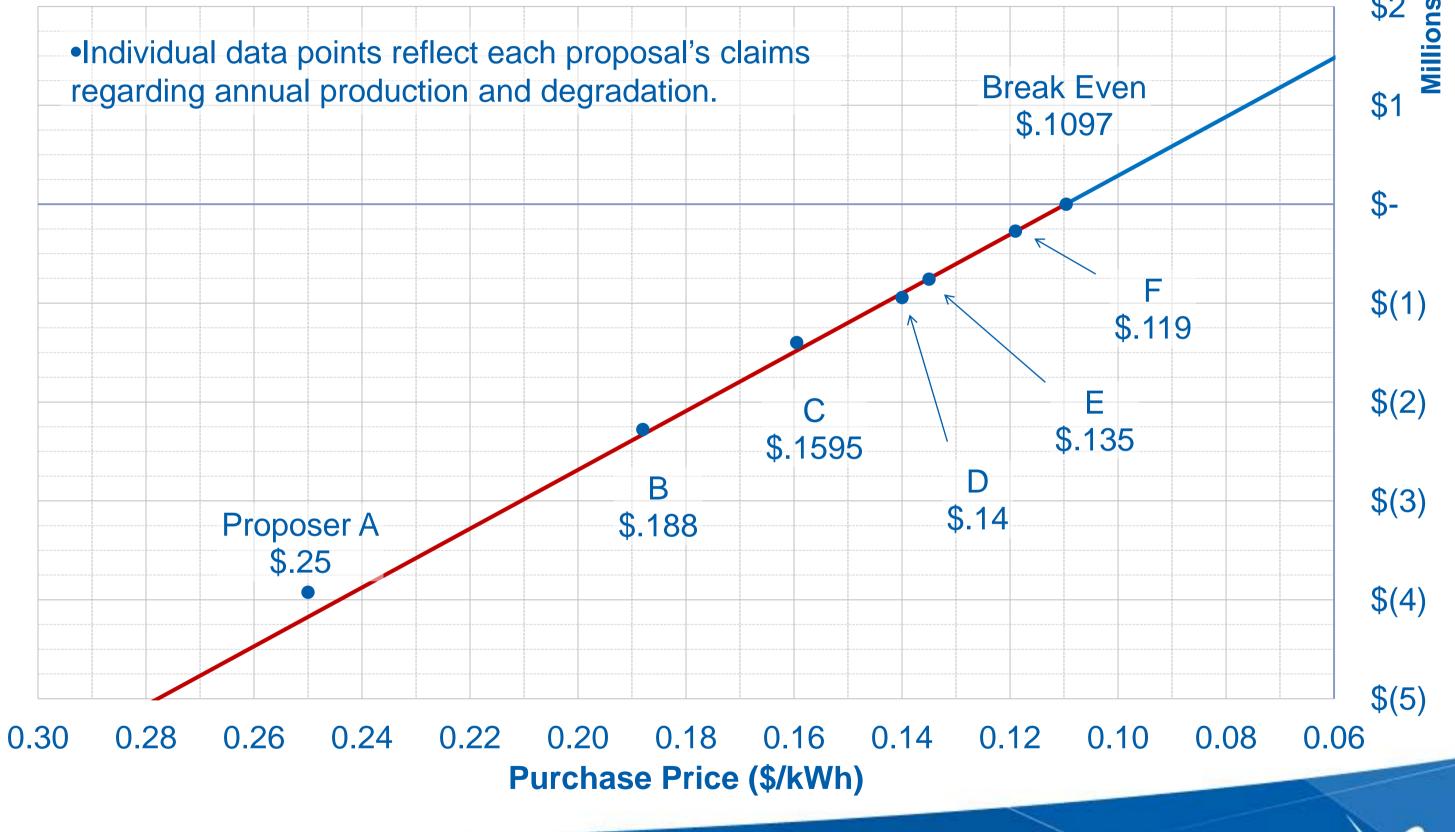


Financial Analysis Assumptions

- Avoided Cost (Xcel Energy)
 - \$0.0686/kWh in 2012 dollars (energy component only)
 - Escalated 5% annually from 2013-2020; 3% thereafter
- Solar Energy
 - 2 million kWh produced in first year and 0.5% annual degradation thereafter
 - Price for power as proposed (flat over 25 years)
- Net Present Value
 - 4% annual discount rate



PPA Flat Price Analysis



NPV of 25-Year Savings to MCES

OakLeaf Energy Partners



- 1.54 MW_{DC} fixed tilt
- TenKsolar or Sharp modules
- SMA Sunny Central inverters
- Schletter racking
- Deck monitoring system
- 1965 MWh/yr
- 0.5% annual degradation



Next Steps

Contract with Vendor

- Negotiate with OakLeaf:
 - PPA terms
 - Exact site
 - Buyout terms
 - Consider financial deficit options

Search for financial help

- Need only 0.5 \$1 million to
 break even
- RDF grants;
 smaller projects
 received \$2
 million

Settle Outstanding Issues

- Interruptible tariff changes
- Solar demand credits for Standby Tariff



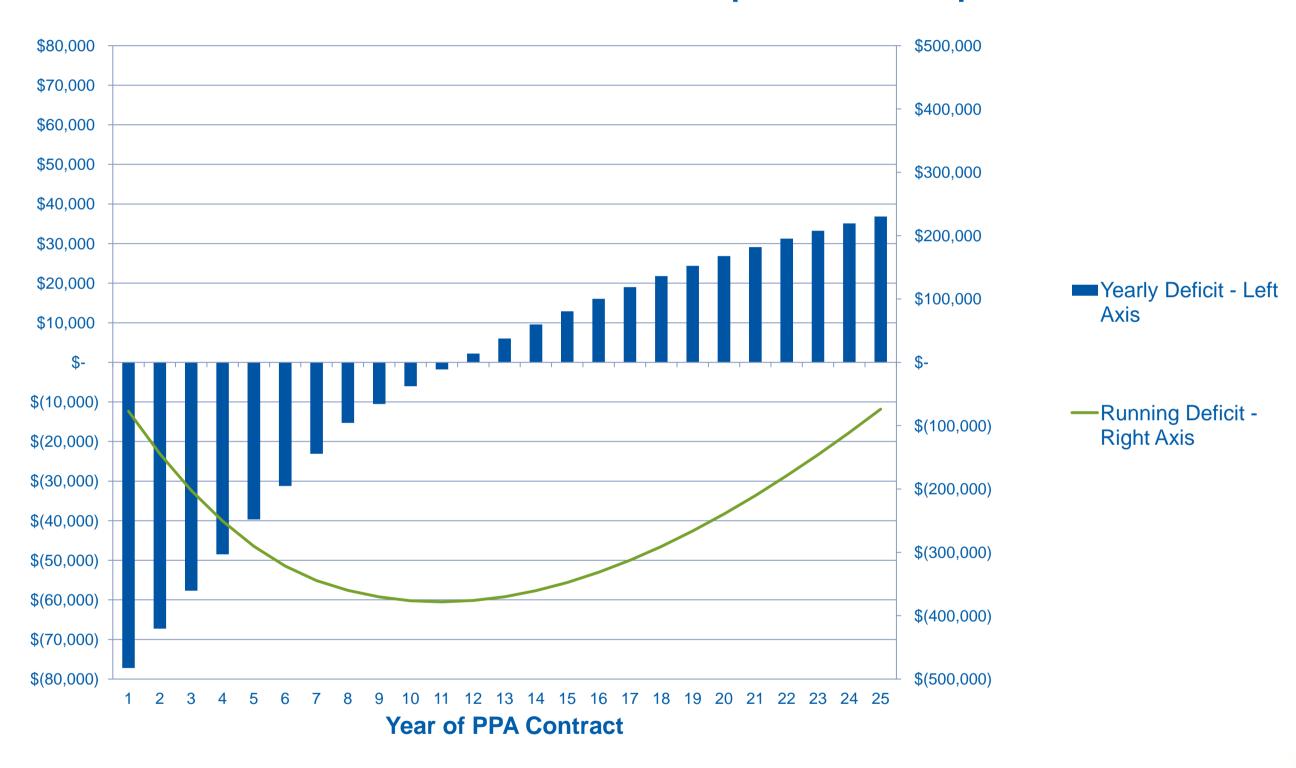
Motion:

Authorization to Negotiate for Power Purchase Agreement and Land Lease for Solar Energy at the Blue Lake WWTP, and Apply for and Enter into Grant Agreement for the Project



OakLeaf Energy Partners

NPV difference between PPA price and Xcel price



Note: Excludes tariff changes & contingency



Benefits of Solar to Council

- Supports MCES Mission
- Supports Governor's Administration initiatives on energy
- Provides beneficial use of buffer land around plant
- Provides price stability of some energy costs
- Adds to Council's leadership image with public
- Contains salvage value as some infrastructure likely reusable after lifecycle
- Provides future opportunity to leverage facility



General Benefits of Solar

- Creates clean, renewable energy with no air emissions
 - Uses little to no water
 - Supports national energy independence
- Diversifies energy sources, which improves reliability and energy independence
- Supports Next Generation Energy Act of 2007
 - "...the State has a vital interest in...the development and use of renewable energy"
 - Goal: "25 percent of the total energy used in the State...derived from renewable energy resources by the year 2025"

