

## APPENDIX A

### Definitions and Acronyms

**"A" Minor Arterials** - Roadways within the metropolitan area which are more regionally significant than others. These roadways are classified into the following groups:

**Relievers** - Minor arterials which provide direct relief for metropolitan highway traffic. These roads include the closest routes parallel to the principal arterials within the urban and transitional areas. These roadways are proposed to accommodate medium length trips (less than 8 miles) as well as providing relief to congested principal arterials. Approximately 395 miles have been identified. Improvement focus is on providing additional capacity for through traffic.

**Expanders** - Routes which provide a way to make connections between developing areas outside the interstate ring or beltway. These routes are located circumferentially beyond the area reasonably served by the beltway. These roadways are proposed to serve medium to long suburb to suburb trips. Approximately 190 miles have been identified.

**Connectors** - This subgroup of "A" minor arterials are those roads that would provide good, safe connections among town centers in the urban reserve and rural areas within and near the seven counties. Approximately 300 miles have been identified. Improvement focus is on safety and load-carrying capacity.

**Augmenters** - The fourth group of "A" minor arterials are those roads that augment principal arterials within the interstate ring or beltway or within Freestanding Growth Centers. The principal arterial network in this area is mature. However, the network of principal arterials serving the area is not in all cases sufficient relative to the density of development that network serves. In these situations, these key minor arterials serve many long-range trips. The improvement focus is on providing additional capacity for through traffic.

**Applicant** - The applicant is the agency, organization, or government submitting the application.

**Congestion Management System** - A process for developing, evaluating, implementing and monitoring transportation strategies and plans that address existing and future traffic congestion. The individual components of the system will consist of:

1. An inventory and tracking program.
2. A congestion evaluation program.
3. Locally developed congestion standards.
4. Short and long range strategies and actions that address present and future congestion.

Areas in which strategies can be pursued are: ITS, incident management, HOV lanes, ridesharing, transit operations, transit pricing, road pricing, access management, site design, parking management, flextime, and other TDM and TSM strategies.

**Construction** - Roadway improvements directed toward increasing the capacity of the facility either by the addition of new through lanes or new construction.

**Design Capacity**- The assumed maximum number of vehicles per lane which pass any given point in an hour on an average day during good operating conditions. For the purposes of responding to criteria in this solicitation packet, the following capacities shall be used:

- metered freeway - 1,950 vehicles per hour;
- unmetered freeway - 1,750 vehicles per hour;

- HOV lane (concurrent) - 1,400 vehicles per hour;
- expressway through lane - 700 vehicles per hour;
- arterial through lane - 600 vehicles per hour;
- left-turn lane - 300 vehicles per hour;
- right-turn lane - 200 vehicles per hour;
- dedicated bike lane or joint use trail - 60 vehicles per hour.

**Independent Utility** – a project with independent utility is defined in FHWA guidance as one that contains logical termini, is usable on its own and would be a reasonable expenditure even if no additional transportation improvements in the area are made.

**Integrated Traffic Management System** - The development and application of network wide, data collection and sharing traffic information system. The system can integrate data and control systems from freeways, arterials and city streets in order to provide real-time proactive traffic information and control. Implementation of the system would facilitate congestion management over the entire network across multi-jurisdictional boundaries. The system could provide incident detection, transit and emergency vehicle priority, and advance traveler information.

**Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS)** - The development or application of technology (electronics, communications, or information processing) used to improve the efficiency and safety of surface transportation systems. ITS is subdivided into five categories that reflect the major emphasis of application:

- Advanced Traffic Management Systems
- Advanced Traveler Information Systems
- Advanced Public Transportation Systems
- Automatic Vehicle Control Systems
- Commercial Vehicle Operations

Projects designed to improve surface transportation systems involve integrating electronics, communications and computer and control systems into both vehicles and public roadways. Some operational examples include Highway Advisory Radio, On-line Computer controlled freeway ramp metering and in-vehicle cruise control. Future projects could include real-time traveler information systems for buses, advanced driver information systems, in-vehicle collision warning devices and integrated traffic control systems.

**Intermodal Transportation Facility** - Any fixed facility designed to expedite the movement of people or goods from one mode of travel to another. For example, transit hubs or park-and-ride lots are intermodal facilities that connect auto drivers and passengers to public transit. A truck/rail terminal where containers are unloaded from railroad flatcars to tractor trailers is an intermodal facility that makes freight movement more efficient.

**Major Traffic Generator** - A geographic area with concentrated land use development such that a significant amount of trips are generated. "Regional Business Concentrations" as defined and depicted in the Transportation Development Guide Chapter/Policy Plan meet this definition. Other concentrated developments may also be included.

**Operational Improvement** - A capital improvement for installation of traffic surveillance and control equipment, computerized signal systems, motorist information systems, integrated traffic control systems, incident management programs, and transportation demand and system management facilities, strategies, and programs.

**Principal Arterials** - The high-speed, high-capacity highways that constitute the regional highway system. About 660 miles in total length, these routes carry the longest trips in the region and provide the highest speeds available during peak traffic periods. They connect the Metropolitan Urban Service Area (MUSA) with urban areas and major cities in Minnesota and

other states. And, within the MUSA, they interconnect the metropolitan centers, regional business concentrations, important transportation terminals, and large institutional facilities.

**Project** - A group of tasks or methods designed to accomplish a specific purpose. For example a roadway construction project would be defined by the location, cross section and intersection treatment. A TSM project would define the scope, methods, location, and duration of the tasks.

**Reconstruction** - Roadway improvements that are intended to improve the cross section and grade of sections of the highway system. These projects are intended to include as needed, HOV lane and ramps, metering, addition of turn lanes, channelization, widening of lanes and/or shoulders, improving horizontal and/or vertical sight distances, upgrading pavement to minimize load restrictions, interchanges, bridges, and signals.

**Rehabilitation** - Roadway improvements intended to correct conditions identified as deficient without major changes to the cross section. These projects should consist of removal and replacement of base and pavement, shouldering and as needed widening and drainage correction.

**Routine Maintenance** - Roadway maintenance consisting of periodic applications of bituminous overlays, seal treatments, milling, crack routing and filling and base repair. These treatments are intended to help ensure the roadway can be used to the end of its design life. These projects are ineligible for federal funding.

**Throughput** - The amount of vehicles/persons which can pass a point on a roadway or pass through an intersection over a specified period of time. Can be equated to capacity if considering vehicles alone.

**Traffic Analysis Zone** - A geographic area of land containing socioeconomic data (population, households, employment, etc.) used primarily in traffic forecasting. The seven-county metropolitan area is divided into 1165 traffic analysis zones.

**Traffic Signal Control Systems** - For the purposes of this solicitation, the degree of traffic management of an arterial is grouped and defined as follows:

**Fixed Time** - The traffic signals on an arterial are controlled locally through a time clock system. In general, the progression of a through band (the amount of green time available along an arterial at a given speed) along the arterial in the peak direction is determined by past experience and is not a function of immediate traffic demand.

**Semi-Actuated** - The traffic signals along the arterial are designed to maximize the green time on the major route in the major direction. Timing and through band are based upon historical records. Use of green time on the minor routes is dependent upon real-time demand and maximized based upon total intersection delay.

**Interconnection** - A traffic signal system in which data collected at individual signals is shared with a central processor or controller. Adjustments in traffic signal control can be made based upon incoming data as opposed to historical data.

**Optimization** - The process in which a traffic signal or system is modified to maximize the amount of vehicles passing through the intersection for all approaches or on the major road in the peak direction.

**Real-Time Adaptive Control** - An advanced traffic control system which incorporates current technologies in communications, data analysis, and traffic monitoring to provide real-time traffic control of arterials, corridors or roadway networks.

**Transportation Demand Management** - Programs and methods to reduce effective demand. In the broadest sense, any activity or facility that reduces person trips would fall within project

classification. The highest priority in the region is given to reducing single-occupant vehicle trips in the peak periods. Techniques that might be utilized are carpooling, vanpooling, telecommuting, transit, alternative work hours, transportation management association, and land development or ordinances that discourage vehicle trips and encourage walk, bike, rideshare and transit trips.

**Transportation System Management** - Programs and methods to improve the efficiency and effective capacity of the transportation system. Techniques that might be utilized are signalization, metering, HOV ramps and lanes, one-way streets and transit system improvements.

## ACRONYMS

|                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| <b>AADT</b>       | Average Annual Daily Traffic   |
| <b>AASHTO</b>     | American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials                 |
| <b>CAAA</b>       | Clean Air Act Amendment (of 1990)  |
| <b>CBD</b>        | Central Business District  |
| <b>CMAQ</b>       | Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality  |
| <b>CO</b>         | Carbon Monoxide  |
| <b>EPA</b>        | US Environmental Protection Agency   |
| <b>EQB</b>        | Environmental Quality Board  |
| <b>DNR</b>        | Department of Natural Resources  |
| <b>FHWA</b>       | Federal Highway Administration   |
| <b>FTA</b>        | Federal Transit Administration   |
| <b>HCADT</b>      | Heavy Commercial Average Daily Traffic   |
| <b>HOV</b>        | High Occupancy Vehicle   |
| <b>ISTEA</b>      | Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act                                   |
| <b>MN</b>         | Minnesota  |
| <b>MN/DOT</b>     | Minnesota Department of Transportation   |
| <b>MPCA</b>       | Minnesota Pollution Control Agency   |
| <b>MUSA</b>       | Metropolitan Urban Service Area  |
| <b>NAAQS</b>      | National Ambient Air Quality Standard  |
| <b>NEPA</b>       | National Environmental Protection Act  |
| <b>PA</b>         | Principal Arterial   |
| <b>PS&amp;E</b>   | Plan Specification and Estimate  |
| <b>SAFETEA-LU</b> | Safe Accountable Flexible Efficient Transportation Equity Act – A Legacy for Users |
| <b>SIP</b>        | State Implementation Plan (for Air Quality)  |
| <b>SOV</b>        | Single Occupancy Vehicle   |
| <b>STP</b>        | Surface Transportation Program   |
| <b>TAC</b>        | Technical Advisory Committee   |
| <b>TAB</b>        | Transportation Advisory Board  |
| <b>TAZ</b>        | Traffic Analysis Zone  |
| <b>TCM</b>        | Transportation Control Measures  |
| <b>TDM</b>        | Transportation Demand Management   |
| <b>TE</b>         | Transportation Enhancements  |
| <b>TEA-21</b>     | Transportation Equity Act for the 21 <sup>st</sup> Century                         |
| <b>TIP</b>        | Transportation Improvement Program   |
| <b>TPP</b>        | Transportation Policy Plan   |
| <b>TSM</b>        | Transportation System Management   |

## APPENDIX B

### Technical Assistance Contacts

The list below is intended to provide contacts for technical assistance in providing necessary data in order to address various criteria. Before contacting a technical expert listed below, please use existing local sources. Local experts in many cases are the appropriate contact for much of the data needed to respond to criteria. In some instances, it may take five or more workdays to provide requested data. Please request data as soon as possible.

Applicants should contact experts as soon as possible to avoid delays in obtaining data.

| <b>SUBJECT</b>   | <b>NAME</b>   | <b>ORGANIZATION</b>   | <b>PHONE</b>   |
|--|---|---|--|
| GENERAL  | Kevin Roggenbuck<br>James Andrew<br>Carl Ohrn             | Transportation Advisory Board<br>Metropolitan Council<br>Metropolitan Council | (651) 602-1728<br>(651) 602-1721<br>(651) 602-1719                   |
| TRAFFIC VOLUMES<br>Freeways<br>State Roads<br>Heavy Commercial<br>2030 Projections | Jose Fischer<br>Megan Forbes<br>Tom Nelson<br>Mark Filipi | MN/DOT<br>MN/DOT<br>MN/DOT<br>Metropolitan Council                            | (651) 234-7040<br>(651) 366-3883<br>(651) 366-3868<br>(651) 602-1725 |
| CRASHES  | Ryan Coddington   | MN/DOT  | (651) 234-7841   |
| FREEWAY<br>MANAGEMENT  | Terry Haukom  | MN/DOT  | (651) 234-7980   |
| TRUNK HIGHWAY<br>TRAFFIC SIGNALS<br>Existing Signals<br>Signal Improvements        | Kevin Schwartz<br>Michael Gerbenski                       | MN/DOT<br>MN/DOT  | (651) 234-7840<br>(651) 234-7816                                     |
| STATE-AID<br>STANDARDS   | Colleen VanWagner   | MN/DOT  | (651) 234-7779   |
| BIKEWAY/WALKWAY<br>STANDARDS   | Tim Mitchell  | MN/DOT  | (651) 366-4162   |
| DEMOGRAPHICS by<br>TAZ   | Robert Paddock  | Metropolitan Council  | (651) 602-1340   |
| TRANSIT RIDERSHIP  | Elaine Koutsoukos   | Metropolitan Council  | (651) 602-1717   |

## APPENDIX C

### Metropolitan District Typical Schedule for Projects Processed Through State Aid

Note: For estimating purposes only. Time will vary due to district staffing, workload, complexity, funding availability, etc.

- A.1. ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION: Assumes one return to agency for clarification, additional information or revision.

\_\_\_\_ weeks for agency preparation.  
2 to 4 weeks for District State Aid review.  
2 to 4 weeks for Central Office State Aid review.

\_\_\_\_ weeks for agency revision.  
1 to 2 weeks for District State Aid review and signature  
2 to 4 weeks for Central Office State Aid review and signature.  
3 to 5 weeks for FHWA approval.

Total A.1 = \_\_\_\_ Weeks

- A2. OPPORTUNITY FOR PUBLIC HEARING: Not necessary for project memorandum.

30 days minimum to advertise for public hearing.  
\_\_\_\_ weeks to hold public hearing.

Total A2 = \_\_\_\_ Weeks

- A3. FINAL ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT: Only necessary for Environmental Assessment.

\_\_\_\_ weeks to prepare Final Environmental Assessment.  
1 to 2 weeks for District State Aid review and signature.  
2 to 4 weeks for Central Office State Aid review and signature.  
3 to 5 weeks for FHWA Finding Of No Significant Impact (FONSI).

Total A3 = \_\_\_\_ Weeks

- A4. STUDY REPORT: Required for Environmental Assessment Only. Assumes one return to agency for clarification, additional information, or revision.

\_\_\_\_ weeks for agency preparation.  
2 to 4 weeks for District State Aid review.  
2 to 4 weeks for Central Office State Aid review.

\_\_\_\_ weeks for agency revision.  
1 to 2 weeks for District State Aid review and signature.  
2 to 4 weeks for Central Office State Aid review and approval.

Total A4 = \_\_\_\_ Weeks

Total A = \_\_\_\_ Weeks

- B. PLAN REVIEW AND RIGHT-OF-WAY ACQUISITION: Assumes one return to agency for clarification, additional information, or revision.

NOTE: Right-of-way acquisition and MN/DOT right-of-way engineer review of local process may happen concurrently and may take longer than plan review. Letting does not begin until a Right-Of-Way Certificate is received and, therefore, may decide earliest letting date.

ACQUISITION IS ESTIMATED AT \_\_\_\_\_ WEEKS.

\_\_\_\_\_ weeks for Preliminary Bridge Plan preparation if necessary.

2 to 4 weeks for Bridge Office preliminary review if necessary.

\_\_\_\_\_ weeks Roadway/etc. and Final Bridge Plan preparation.

2 to 4 weeks for District State Aid and Bridge Office review.

\_\_\_\_\_ weeks for agency revision.

2 to 3 weeks for District State Aid and Bridge Office review and signature.

TOTAL B = \_\_\_\_\_ WEEKS

C. LETTING: Assumes Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) goal is required and local funds match.

1 week for DBE goal decision.

2 weeks for project funding \*\*\*\*\*Obligation\*\*\*\*\* by FHWA.

1 week to advertise in local papers and Construction Bulletin.

3.5 weeks to advertise for bid and bid opening.

1 to 2 weeks to certify DBE participation (about 50 percent of projects).

1 to 3 weeks for recommendation of award.

0.5 weeks to prepare contract and bond and send to contractor.

1 week for contractor to respond.

2 weeks for contract approval.

TOTAL C = \_\_\_\_\_ WEEKS

TOTAL TIME UNTIL CONSTRUCTION = \_\_\_\_\_ WEEKS

## APPENDIX D

Adopted 10-20-04

### **Criteria for meeting Sunset Date requirement for all TAB-selected projects:**

#### Construction Projects through the FHWA Process

- Environmental document approved
- Right of way certificate approved or condemnation proceedings have been formally initiated
- District State Aid Engineer approval of plans
- Engineer's estimate
- Special provision information
- Utility relocation certificate
- Permit applications submitted
- Letting date can be set within 90 days

#### Construction Projects through the FTA Process

- Environmental document completed; reviewed by Metro State Aid for completeness
- Satisfactory review by Metro State Aid that project plans are complete and reflect the project that was selected
- Letting date can be set within 90 days
- FTA notification that grant approval imminent

#### Right of Way Only Projects through FHWA Process

- Environmental document approved
- OIM/SALT authorization to proceed

#### Right of Way Only Projects through FTA Process

- Environmental document completed; reviewed by Metro State Aid for completeness
- Appraisals over \$250,000 approved by FTA; under \$250,000 reviewed by MnDOT Metro State Aid/Right of Way Section
- FTA notifies that grant approval is imminent
- OIM transfers funds
- Offers made/condemnation initiated if offers refused

#### Program Project

- Grant application submitted to FTA; includes workplan
- Notification from FTA that grant approval is imminent
- Work will begin within 90 days after grant approval
- Agreement executed between MnDOT and proposer once funds are transferred



## APPENDIX E

### **"A" Minor Reliever (B.1.), Expander (B.1.), Connector (B.1.), Augmenter (B.1.) and Principal Arterial (B.1.) - Expected Number of Crashes Reduced**

A calculation will be made of the total number of crashes over three years, the expected percent reduction in crashes, and the total number of crashes reduced expected from the project. This information will also be used in calculating the cost per crash reduced criterion ("A" Minor Reliever C.1., Expander C.1., Connector C.1., Augmenter C.1., and Principal Arterial C.1.)

Submittal Requirements:

#### **Submittals May Use Mn/DOT TIS Data Only (provided by Mn/DOT)**

- Years 2007 - 2009
- If an individual crash is not on the TIS, it cannot be included in the analysis or the submittal unless the agency provides acceptable proof of the existence of the crash. Acceptable proof is a copy of the police or citizen accident report. If no report was written, the crash may not be included. If the crash had no injuries and the minimum dollar amount was not met ("N" in the "\$min" box), the crash can not be included.
- If crash is on TIS, but in the wrong location, then the agency should contact Ryan Coddington, (651) 234-7841 at Mn/DOT to have it changed.
- Any agency that disputes the results of their crash data requests may contact Mn/DOT to reconcile the differences.

#### **Crash Diagrams Required**

- Whether a stand alone intersection, or an intersection within a corridor, an intersection crash diagram must be included.
- Applicants must provide the summary list of crashes identified by TIS number.

#### **Crash Reduction Factor**

Proposers may use one of following crash reduction options for utilizing appropriate factors for crash reduction based on the strategies:

- Mn/DOT "% Change in Crashes table" and Metro District Roundabout Crash Reduction Factors
- FHWA Desktop Reference for Crash Reduction Factors
- FHWA Crash Modification Factors Clearinghouse
- Local Experience (should be rare)
  - If using local experience, proposer must provide before- and after- documentation from local experience with a similar type of project (i.e., comparing "apples to apples")
  - The proposer acknowledges that the review committee may reject local experience based on insufficient data.

For consistency of submitted projects, if the improvement is specifically listed in the Mn/DOT “ % Change in Crashes Table” or is a Roundabout project, that data listed below should be used. For other cases, the proposal should reference the FHWA Desktop Reference for Crash Reduction Factors or the FHWA Crash Modification Factors Clearinghouse which can be found at the following websites:

<http://www.transportation.org/sites/safetymanagement/docs/Desktop%20Reference%20Complete.pdf>

<http://www.cmfclearinghouse.org>

In the FHWA desktop reference, there are a number of CRFs to choose from for each countermeasure. The project proposer must use a CRF in **bold** if available.

**For all applications, the applicant is required to write a brief logical explanation on why they chose to use what they did for a CRF.**

## **Methodology**

The applicant must obtain data on crashes for the existing section scheduled for improvement from Mn/DOT’s TIS system for the three years of 2007 through 2009. Calculate the total number of crashes over the three-year period.

If multiple crash reduction strategies/improvements are proposed within the project, multiple crash reduction factors may be used.

If a project includes improvements to a section of road, and to intersections within that section, multiple crash reductions factors may be used. Crashes directly related to the individual improvement should be used for that improvement only. For example, if a particular intersection is going to be changed (new signal, modify to ¾ intersection, new turn lanes, etc.) crashes related to that intersection can be used with that crash reduction factor only, and not for the overall crash reduction if a second crash reduction factor is used for the longer segment of road.

## **APPLICANTS MUST SHOW/EXPLAIN THEIR WORK**

Contact Ryan Coddington at Mn/DOT, 651-234-7841 or [ryan.coddington@state.mn.us](mailto:ryan.coddington@state.mn.us) with any questions.

**Roundabout Crash Reduction Factors:**




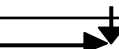

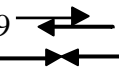
| <b><u>Rural Environment</u></b> |                     |  |   |
|---------------------------------|---------------------|--|---|
|                                 |                     | <b>Crash Reduction Factor</b>  |   |
| <b>Converted From</b>           | <b>Converted To</b> | <b>Injury Crashes Only</b><br><i>(Apply to Injury crashes. <b>NO</b> application for Property Damage crashes.)</i> | <b>All Crashes</b><br><i>(Apply to Injury <b>AND</b> Property Damage crashes)</i> |
| Stop Controlled                 | Single Lane         | -80%   | -65%  |
| Stop Controlled                 | Multi-Lane          | -70%   | -55%  |

| <b><u>Urban Environment</u></b> |                     |  |   |
|---------------------------------|---------------------|--|---|
|                                 |                     | <b>Crash Reduction Factor</b>  |   |
| <b>Converted From</b>           | <b>Converted To</b> | <b>Injury Crashes Only</b><br><i>(Apply to Injury crashes. <b>NO</b> application for Property Damage crashes.)</i> | <b>All Crashes</b><br><i>(Apply to Injury <b>AND</b> Property Damage crashes)</i> |
| Stop Controlled                 | Single Lane         | -80%   | -65%  |
| Stop Controlled                 | Multi-Lane          | -70%   | -55%  |
| Signalized                      | Single Lane         | -70%   | -40%  |
| Signalized                      | Multi-Lane          | -65%   | -35%  |

NOTE: At this time there is a limited number of studies that break down Crash Reduction Factors (CRF) to Urban/Rural, type of roundabout and previous conditions. The factors in the above tables were determined using the available studies and engineering judgment. The current data available will be expanded as more studies are completed and published. The Mn/DOT Metro District roundabout CRF's will be updated and adjusted as new information is made available. The "Stop Controlled" in the tables above is referring to a 2-way stop condition. In tables above, you may only use one CRF column or the other, not both for the same project.

**% Change in Crashes** (from Mn/DOT Before & After Studies)

All numbers indicate percentages

| <i>Diagram</i>   | <i>New Signal + Channel</i> | <i>T-Int. Turn Lane &amp; Bypass Lane</i> | <i>+ Int. Turn Lane &amp; Bypass Lane</i> | <i>Signal Rebuild</i> |
|--|-----------------------------|---|---|-----------------------|
| 1       | 0<br>-15                    | -15<br>-20                                | -15<br>-15                                | -20<br>-30            |
| 2       | +60<br>+10                  | 0<br>-30                                  | +35<br>-10                                | -50<br>-30            |
| 3       | -40<br>-5                   | -35<br>-30                                | -35<br>-35                                | -25<br>-20            |
| 5       | -55<br>-60                  | -25<br>-55                                | -15<br>-45                                | -30<br>-30            |
| 4,      | -30<br>0                    | 0<br>-40                                  | -25<br>-25                                | -35<br>-50            |
| 8, 9  | 65<br>-50                   | +35<br>-15                                | -15<br>0                                  | -45<br>-60            |
| Total Crashes  | -25<br>-30                  | -20<br>-25                                | -20<br>-25                                | -25<br>-30            |
| Number of Studies  | 70                          | 40  | 45  | 105                   |

Box Legend: Top Factor – Use for fatal and injury crashes (A, B, C).

Bottom Factor – Use For Property Damage Crashes.

Before & After studies based on 3 calendar years prior to construction and 3 calendar years after construction completion.

Definitions:

- New Signal, plus channelization – Permanently installed signals at a new location with added lanes (turn or bypass) and/or medians (painted or concrete).
- T-intersection turn and bypass lane – Addition of right turn and/or bypass lanes to a three-legged intersection.
- Cross-street intersection turn and bypass lanes – Addition of right turn and/or bypass lanes at a four-legged intersection.
- Signal Rebuild – Signal revision plus a change of signal location and other components at an intersection. Installation of additional heads to intersection signals (i.e., turn arrows).

## APPENDIX F

### “A” Minor Reliever (B.3.) and Expander (B.3.) - Increase in peak hour average speed.

The applicant must estimate the current speed of through-traffic on the "A" minor arterial with existing management features (median barriers, signal spacing, channelization, signal coordination, etc.) and the increased speed after implementation of the proposed project. Calculations must reflect traffic conditions in the peak direction during the peak period of travel.

Speed is calculated simply as "distance divided by time". Travel time on any roadway is a combination of the time it takes to travel a given distance at a given speed plus any delays encountered along the way. The methodology to estimate average peak period speed is derived from Chapter 9, Urban Streets, of the Highway Capacity Manual (1994). Follow these basic steps to estimate arterial speed in the existing condition and after implementation of the project:

- Estimate project length, in miles. Applicants should try to define the project length using signalized or stop-controlled intersections where vehicle delay will be calculated in the table below, or any other intersecting minor street or driveway where midblock delay is assumed.
- Estimate the free-flow travel time, in minutes, along the project length based on the posted speed limit using the following equation:

$$\text{free-flow travel time (minutes)} = [ \text{project length (miles)/speed (mph)} ] * 60$$

- Estimate the volume/capacity ratio of the traffic lane(s) on the "A" minor arterial approach at each signalized and stop-controlled intersection in the peak direction and peak period of travel along the project length.
- Estimate average vehicle delay for "A" minor arterial through movements at all signalized and stop-controlled intersections using the table below and express the sum in minutes.

| Average Vehicle Delay at Stop-Controlled and Signalized Intersections |                       |
|---|-----------------------|
| approach volume/capacity  | average vehicle delay |
| < 0.8   | 30 seconds            |
| 0.8 to 0.9  | 50 seconds            |
| > 0.9   | 75 seconds            |

- Estimate average vehicle delay for "A" minor arterial through movements at all roundabout intersections using the table below and express the sum in minutes.

| Average Vehicle Delay at Roundabouts |                       |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| approach volume/capacity             | average vehicle delay |
| < 0.8                                | 25 seconds            |
| 0.8 to 0.9                           | 40 seconds            |
| > 0.9                                | 55 seconds            |

- In some cases, there may be midblock delays caused by pedestrian crossings, bus stops, turning movements to and from minor streets and driveways, or due to on-street parking. Assume 10 seconds of delay for each example and express the sum in minutes.
- Estimate the arterial speed of through-traffic on the "A" minor arterial over the entire project length using the following equation:

$$\text{ARTERIAL SPEED (mph)} = \frac{\text{project length (miles)}}{\text{free-flow travel time} + \text{intersection delay} + \text{midblock delay}} \times 60$$

Reminder: When computing the arterial speed, the free-flow travel time, intersection delay and midblock delay in the denominator of the equation must be expressed in minutes.

- If the proposed project will improve traffic progression through signal coordination in the "after" condition, the average vehicle delay derived from the table on the previous page should be factored by 0.77 to show a further reduction in intersection delay. This factor should be applied only to independently timed signals that will be coordinated with other signalized intersections.

Sample calculation.

Existing two lane, undivided arterial, 4.0 miles in length, with four pre-timed signalized intersections and four more intersections with stop sign control on the minor approaches. The posted speed limit is 40 mph. Two of the four signalized intersections have a volume capacity ratio < 0.80, one is between 0.80 and 0.90, and one is > 0.90. Midblock delays due to left turns at the minor intersections and driveways add 60 seconds to the travel time.

$$\text{free-flow travel time (minutes)} = (4.0 / 40) * 60 = 6.00 \text{ minutes}$$

$$\text{intersection delay} = 30 + 30 + 50 + 75 = 185 \text{ seconds or } 3.08 \text{ minutes}$$

$$\text{midblock delay} = 40 \text{ seconds or } 0.80 \text{ minute}$$

$$\text{ARTERIAL SPEED} = \frac{4.0}{6.00 + 3.08 + 0.80} * 60 = \frac{4.0}{9.88} * 60 = 0.40 * 60 = 24.0 \text{ mph}$$

Proposed improvements include construction of left turn lanes at the four existing signalized intersections, implementation of a coordinated signal timing plan and channelization for the entire length of the arterial. The posted speed limit will be raised to 45 mph. The project will increase free-flow travel speed and reduce intersection delay.

$$\text{free-flow travel time (minutes)} = (4.0 / 45) * 60 = 5.33 \text{ minutes}$$

$$\text{intersection delay} = (30 + 30 + 30 + 30) * 0.77 = 92.4 \text{ seconds or } 1.54 \text{ minutes}$$

$$\text{midblock delay} = 40 \text{ seconds or } 0.80 \text{ minute}$$

$$\text{ARTERIAL SPEED} = \frac{4.0}{5.33 + 1.54 + 0.80} * 60 = \frac{4.0}{7.67} * 60 = 0.52 * 60 = 31.2 \text{ mph}$$

contact person: James Andrew, Met Council, 602-1721

## Appendix G: Location Suitability and Demand Estimation

The criteria for Section A.1., copied below, require the use of the 2030 Park and Ride Plan Chapters 3 and 5 and Appendices A and B. All chapters of this plan can be found on the Metropolitan Council website at <http://www.metrocouncil.org/planning/transportation/ParknRide/ParknRidePlan.htm>.

### A. Location Suitability & Market Area Demand 0-200 points

1. For all projects involving a park-and-ride facility construction (new or expanded), transit vehicle purchase, or transit operations, the applicant must complete the following:

a. Using Table 3.3 or Table 3.4, in Chapter 3 or the 2030 Park and Ride Plan describe which travel corridor(s) will be served by the project and the unmet need in the travel corridor(s) for Years 2020, and 2030.

RESPONSE:

b. Using Chapter 3 (Sections 3.1 through 3.9), state whether or not the location that the park-and-ride will be constructed or expanded or that the bus or rail vehicles will be used falls within any of the programmed or planned site location areas.

RESPONSE:

If the project involves the construction of a new or expanded facility, the applicant must complete the following:

c. Using Section 5.3 of Chapter 5 of the 2030 Park and Ride Plan and Appendix A (TAZ map) and B (TAZ park and demand model), demonstrate the benefit for the 3rd or final year (if less than 3) of the grant need for the new location and/or proposed size of the facility.

RESPONSE:

d. Using the Site Selection and Design Criteria listed in Section 5.4 of Chapter 5 of the 2030 Park and Ride Plan or a comparable site evaluation checklist, complete a site suitability evaluation of the project site.

RESPONSE:

If the project involves the purchase of transit vehicles, the applicant must complete one of the following:

e. For fleet expansion for existing routes: Current average boardings per trip on the routes that the vehicle would operate and an analysis of the additional transit market in the area to be served.

RESPONSE:

f. For fleet expansion for new routes: An analysis of projected average boardings per trip based on the boardings of similar routes, surveys of potential customers in the geographic area to be served, an analysis of transit markets in the area to be served such as the park and ride demand estimation methodology above, or other supporting data.

RESPONSE:

Scoring will be based on siting of proposed park and ride lots compared to target areas identified in Chapter 3 of the 2030 Park and Ride Plan, suitability of the site according to the site location criteria in Chapter 5 (Section 5.4), and evaluation of the project's proposed size compared to demand/unmet need identified in Tables 3.3 and 3.4 and Section 5.3.

2. Other transit facility projects (such as stations or transit centers) must demonstrate basis for need including an estimate of ridership at the facility and location suitability. Methodology and supporting documentation, including accepted transitway studies, must be provided. Scoring will be based on appropriateness of siting comparable to the park and ride facility approach.

RESPONSE:



## VEHICLE EMISSIONS REDUCTION WORKSHEET (APPENDIX G)

### New or Expanded Transit Service, Vehicles or Capital

|   |                                       |   |                                  |                                  |                 |  |
|---|---------------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Year 3 (or final year if less than 3) Estimated Daily Ridership             |                                       |   |                                  |                                  | passenger trips |  |
| Distance from Terminal to Terminal  |                                       |   |                                  |                                  | miles           |  |
| Year 3 (or final year if less than 3) Estimated Daily Transit Vehicle Trips |                                       |   |                                  |                                  | vehicle trips   |  |
| <b>SOV (AUTO) EMISSIONS REDUCED</b>   |                                       |   |                                  |                                  |                 |  |
| Average Weekday AM Peak SOV Travel Speed:                                   |                                       |   |                                  |                                  | mph             |  |
|   |                                       | YEAR THREE (or final year if less than 3) |                                  |                                  |                 |  |
|   | Emissions Factor (grams/mile)*        | Daily SOV VMT (miles)                     | Emissions (kg/day)               |                                  |                 |  |
| CO Emissions  |                                       | 0   | 0.0                              |                                  |                 |  |
| NO <sub>x</sub> Emissions   |                                       | 0   | 0.0                              |                                  |                 |  |
| VOC Emissions   |                                       | 0   | 0.0                              |                                  |                 |  |
| Total Emissions   |                                       |   | 0.0                              |                                  |                 |  |
| <b>BUS EMISSIONS GENERATED</b>  |                                       |   |                                  |                                  |                 |  |
| Average Weekday AM Peak Bus Travel Speed:                                   |                                       |   |                                  |                                  | mph             |  |
|   |                                       | YEAR THREE (or final year if less than 3) |                                  |                                  |                 |  |
|   | Emissions Factor (grams/mile)*        | Daily Bus VMT (miles)                     | Emissions (kg/day)               |                                  |                 |  |
| CO Emissions  |                                       | 0   | 0.0                              |                                  |                 |  |
| NO <sub>x</sub> Emissions   |                                       | 0   | 0.0                              |                                  |                 |  |
| VOC Emissions   |                                       | 0   | 0.0                              |                                  |                 |  |
| Total Emissions   |                                       |   | 0.0                              |                                  |                 |  |
| <b>DIESEL PASSENGER/COMMUTER RAIL EMISSIONS GENERATED</b>                   |                                       |   |                                  |                                  |                 |  |
|   |                                       | YEAR THREE (or final year if less than 3) |                                  |                                  |                 |  |
|   | Emissions Factor (grams/mile)         | Daily Rail Miles                          | Emissions (kg/day)               |                                  |                 |  |
| CO Emissions  | 266                                   | 0   | 0.0                              |                                  |                 |  |
| NO <sub>x</sub> Emissions   | 76                                    | 0   | 0.0                              |                                  |                 |  |
| VOC Emissions   | 9                                     | 0   | 0.0                              |                                  |                 |  |
| Total Emissions   |                                       |   | 0.0                              |                                  |                 |  |
| <b>NET PROJECT EMISSION REDUCTIONS</b>                                      |                                       |   |                                  |                                  |                 |  |
|   | Auto SOV Emission Reductions (kg/day) | Bus Emissions Generated (kg/day)          | Bus Emissions Generated (kg/day) | Net Emission Reductions (kg/day) |                 |  |
| YEAR THREE (or final year if less than 3)                                   | 0.0                                   | 0.0                                       | 0.0                              | 0.0                              |                 |  |

## APPENDIX H

### **“A” Minor Reliever (B.4.), Expander (B.4.), Augmenter (B.4.), and Principal Arterial (B.4.) - Improved AM and PM volume/capacity ratios.**

The applicant must obtain current peak hour volumes and use the vehicle capacities in Appendix A to calculate the AM and PM peak hour volume/capacity ratios in the peak direction at the most congested location in the project area. Existing volumes should be used in both the current and post-improvement AM and PM peak hour conditions. The improvement in the volume/capacity ratio could be due to an increase in vehicular capacity or a reduction in vehicle trips due to the project.

The project applicant must calculate the volume/capacity ratio in the peak direction at the most congested location within the project area following these steps:

- Collect current AM and PM peak hour volumes from existing data sources or by conducting traffic counts.
- Using the capacity figures in Appendix A, estimate the existing capacity of the congested location.
- Calculate the existing volume/capacity ratio in both the AM and PM peak hour.
- Revise the vehicle capacity of the roadway segment or the vehicle demand, as appropriate to the project, and calculate the volume/capacity ratios after implementation of the project.

#### Sample calculation.

Existing two lane arterial.

- AM peak hour volume = 550
- Vehicle capacity = 600
- AM volume/capacity ratio =  $550/600 = 0.92$

Proposed improvement: add left turn lanes at the major intersections and shifting of a transit route to serve the project area. The decrease in AM peak hour volume (20) reflects the expected number of new transit riders in the project area.

- AM peak hour volume =  $550 - 20 = 530$
- Vehicle capacity =  $600 + 300$
- Vehicle capacity = 900
- AM volume/capacity ratio =  $530/900 = 0.59$

$$\text{PROJECT BENEFIT} = 0.92 - 0.59 = 0.33 \quad (\text{AM peak})$$

contact person: James Andrew, Metropolitan Council, (651) 602-1721

## APPENDIX I

### **“A” Minor Reliever (C.2.), Expander (C.3.), Augmenter (C.3.), and Principal Arterial (C.3.) - Increase in hourly person throughput.**

The applicant must calculate the increase in hourly person throughput in the AM peak hour, in the peak direction of travel, at the most congested location in the project area using the following equation:

**Hourly Person Throughput = (vehicle capacity of the roadway segment \* AM peak hour vehicle occupancy) + AM peak hour bus ridership.**

- Compute the existing vehicle capacity of the roadway segment (the approach to the intersection in the peak direction of travel) using the design capacity figures in Appendix A.
- Factor in the appropriate AM peak hour vehicle occupancy rate (See Appendix T).
- Add in the current AM peak hour bus ridership. This information can be obtained from Metro Transit or other appropriate service provider. The Metropolitan Council can provide contact person(s).
- Calculate the existing hourly person throughput.
- Revise the vehicle capacity, AM peak hour vehicle occupancy and AM peak hour bus ridership for the proposed project, as appropriate, and calculate the hourly person throughput after implementation of the project.

#### Sample calculation.

Existing two lane arterial.

- Vehicle capacity = 600
- AM peak hour vehicle occupancy = 1.12
- AM peak hour bus ridership = 100
- Hourly person throughput =  $(600 * 1.12) + 100$
- Hourly person throughput = 772

Proposed improvement: add a left turn lane at the major intersections and construct a bus shelter that will slightly increase transit ridership.

- Vehicle capacity =  $600 + 300$
- AM peak hour vehicle occupancy = 1.12
- AM peak hour bus ridership =  $100 + 10 = 110$
- Vehicle capacity = 900
- Hourly person throughput =  $(900 * 1.12) + 110$
- Hourly person throughput = 1118

$$\text{HOURLY THROUGHPUT INCREASE} = 1118 - 772 = 346$$

contact person: James Andrew, Metropolitan Council, (651) 602-1721

## **APPENDIX J**

### **Metro Intermodal/Freight Terminals**

The list of major intermodal freight facilities begins on the following page. Contact James Andrew at the Metropolitan Council, 651-602-1721 or [james.andrew@metc.state.mn.us](mailto:james.andrew@metc.state.mn.us) with questions.

## Major Intermodal Freight Facilities in the Metro Area

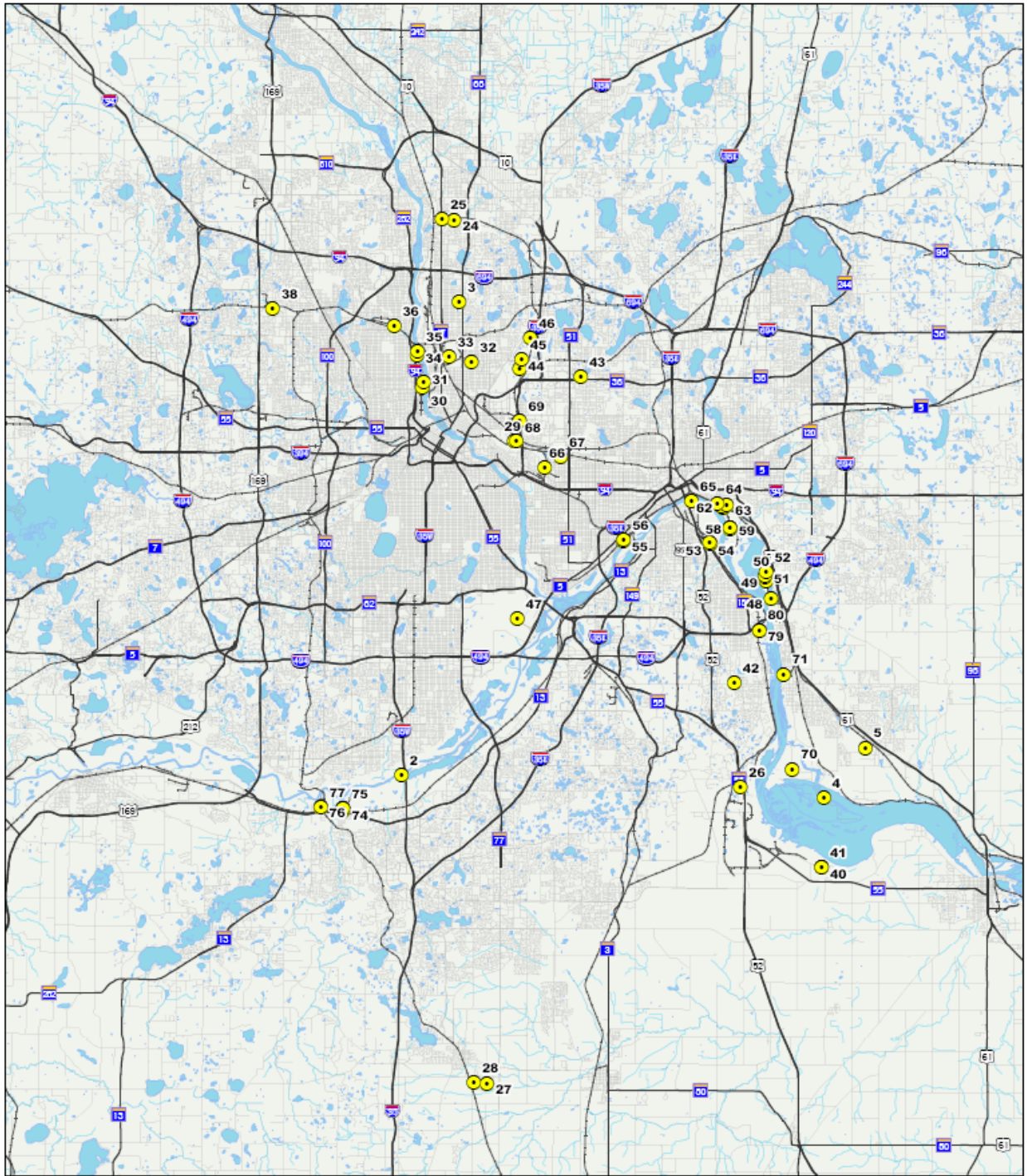
| ID | NAME  | ADDRESS                                       | CITY                  | COUNTY          | COMMODITIES   | ROADWAY  | RAIL            |
|----|---|---|-----------------------|-----------------|---|--|-----------------|
| 3  | Murphy Warehouse                                | 4700 Main St NE                               | Columbia Heights      | Anoka           | Packaged General Commodities  | MN 47, 49th Ave NE, Main St NE                   | BNSF            |
| 24 | Murphy Warehouse                                | 7038 Central Ave NE                           | Fridley               | Anoka           | Newsprint, Printing Paper, Paperboard                               | MN 65, Central Ave NE                            | MNRR/CP         |
| 25 | Commercial Transfer of Minnesota<br>2 U.S. Salt | 7151 University Ave NE<br>1020 Black Dog Rd W | Fridley<br>Burnsville | Anoka<br>Dakota | Steel, Pipe, Structural<br>Salt                                     | I-594, MN 47<br>I-35W, Black Dog Rd W            | MNRR/CP<br>None |
| 26 | Fennelgas                                       | 10825 Courthouse Blvd                         | Inver Grove Heights   | Dakota          | Propane   | US 52  | None            |
| 27 | General Transport Inc - Transfer                | 21793 Hamburg Ave                             | Lakeville             | Dakota          | Plastics  | I-35, 210th St W, 215th St W, Highview Ave       | CP              |
| 28 | Progressive Rail, Inc. - Transfer/Warehousing   | 21778 Highview Ave                            | Lakeville             | Dakota          | Bulk & Packaged Lumber, Food, Ag, Steel, Chem                       | I-35, 210th St W, 215th St W, Highview Ave       | CP, PGR         |
| 40 | CF Industries Pine Bend Ammonia Terminal Dock   | 13040 Pine Bend Tr                            | Rosemount             | Dakota          | Anhydrous Ammonia & Urea, Ammonium Nitrate Solution                 | TH 55, Pine Bend Tr                              | BNSF, UP, CP    |
| 41 | CF Industries Pine Bend Warehouse               | 5300 Pine Bend Tr                             | Rosemount             | Dakota          | Dry Bulk Fertilizer   | TH 55, Pine Bend Tr                              | UP, CP          |
| 42 | Flint Hills Resources Pine Bend Refinery        | 12555 Clark Rd                                | Rosemount             | Dakota          | Petroleum Products, Asphalt   | TH 52/TH 55                                      | UP              |
| 79 | Dakota Bulk Terminal                            | 925 Handman Ave S                             | South Saint Paul      | Dakota          | Grain, Feed, Bulk Commodities                                       | I-494, Handman Ave; TH 56, Richmond St           | UP              |
| 80 | Holm (US), Inc.                                 | 925 Handman Ave S                             | South Saint Paul      | Dakota          | Bulk Cement   | I-494, Handman Ave; TH 56, Richmond St           | UP              |
| 29 | Triple Crown Services                           | 525 Kasota Ave SE                             | Minneapolis           | Hennepin        | Bi-Modal (Rail/Runner)  | MN 290, Kasota Ave SE                            | UP              |
| 30 | Aggregate Industries - Yard D                   | 65 26th Ave N                                 | Minneapolis           | Hennepin        | Sand, Aggregate, Crushed Stone                                      | I-94, W Broadway Ave, 2nd St N, 26th Ave N       | None            |
| 31 | American Iron & Steel                           | 2800 Pacific St                               | Minneapolis           | Hennepin        | Recycled Metals   | I-94, W Broadway Ave, 2nd St N, 28th Ave N       | CP              |
| 32 | Distribution Centers of Minnesota Inc           | 600 30th Ave NE                               | Minneapolis           | Hennepin        | Newsprint, Printing Paper, Paperboard                               | MN 47, 30th Ave NE                               | CP              |
| 33 | CP Shoreham Yard                                | 615 30th Ave NE                               | Minneapolis           | Hennepin        | COFC/TOFC   | MN 47, 30th Ave NE                               | CP              |
| 34 | River Services, Inc.                            | 3750 Washington Ave N                         | Minneapolis           | Hennepin        | Grain, Fertilizer, Salt, Coal, Aggregate, Steel, Twine, Pipe        | I-94, N Dowling Ave, Port Terminal Rd            | CP, TC&W        |
| 35 | Holm (US), Inc.                                 | 3939 1st St N                                 | Minneapolis           | Hennepin        | Cement  | I-94, N Dowling Ave, Port Terminal Rd            | CP              |
| 36 | Mid American Distribution Centers               | 4607 Humboldt Ave N                           | Minneapolis           | Hennepin        | Lumber  | I-94, 49th Ave N, Humboldt Ave N                 | CP              |
| 38 | World Transfer & Logistics                      | 5101 Boone Ave N                              | New Hope              | Hennepin        | Steel, Pipe, Structural   | US 160, 49th Ave N, Boone Ave N                  | CP              |
| 43 | Twin City Reload - Transfer                     | 2517 County Rd B W                            | Roseville             | Ramsey          | Lumber  | MN 290, County Rd B W                            | MNRR            |
| 44 | Triangle Warehouse Inc.                         | 2500 Walnut St                                | Roseville             | Ramsey          | Newsprint, Printing Paper, Paperboard                               | I-35W, CR C W, Walnut St                         | CP              |
| 45 | Megellan Pipeline Co                            | 2451 County Rd C W                            | Roseville             | Ramsey          | Oil Products  | I-35W, County Rd C W                             | None            |
| 46 | City-Cargo & Storage                            | 3080 Long Lake Rd                             | Roseville             | Ramsey          | Packaged General Commodities  | I-35W, County Rd D W, Long Lake Rd               | MNRR            |
| 47 | MSP INTERNATIONAL                               | 4300 Glumack Dr                               | Saint Paul            | Ramsey          | Air Cargo   | MN 77, Longfellow Ave S, Cargo Rd                | None            |
| 48 | Peavey Red Rock Elevator                        | 1061 Red Rock Road                            | Saint Paul            | Ramsey          | Grain, Fertilizer, Coal, Feed, Phosphate, Steel                     | I-494, TH 10, Maxwell Ave, Red Rock Rd           | CP              |
| 49 | AMG Resources Dock                              | 1303 Red Rock Rd                              | Saint Paul            | Ramsey          | Steel, Scrap  | I-494, TH 10, Maxwell Ave, Red Rock Rd           | CP              |
| 50 | Barton Enterprises Dock                         | 1359 Red Rock Rd                              | Saint Paul            | Ramsey          | Asphalt, Petroleum Products   | I-494, TH 10, Maxwell Ave, Red Rock Rd           | CP              |
| 51 | LaFarge North America - Red Rock Terminal       | 1363 Red Rock Rd                              | Saint Paul            | Ramsey          | Cement  | I-494, TH 10, Maxwell Ave, Red Rock Rd           | CP              |
| 52 | Hawkins Inc. Terminal #3                        | 1425 Red Rock Rd                              | Saint Paul            | Ramsey          | Liquid Caustic Soda   | I-494, TH 10, Maxwell Ave, Red Rock Rd           | CP              |
| 53 | Alter River Terminal                            | 751 Barge Channel Rd                          | Saint Paul            | Ramsey          | Fertilizer, Salt, Scrap Metal, Steel, Ore, Grain, Twine             | TH 56, Barge Channel Rd                          | UP              |
| 54 | Hawkins Inc. Terminal #2                        | 701 Barge Channel Rd                          | Saint Paul            | Ramsey          | Liquid Caustic Soda, Liquid Caustic Potash                          | TH 56, Barge Channel Rd                          | UP              |
| 55 | Archer Daniels Midland Saint Paul Elevator D    | 575 Drake St                                  | Saint Paul            | Ramsey          | Grain, Feed, Bulk Commodities                                       | Shepard Rd, Randolph Ave, Drake St               | UP              |
| 56 | UP Auto Reload                                  | 580 Drake St                                  | Saint Paul            | Ramsey          | Auto Reload (GM used), Mazda, Volkswagen                            | Shepard Rd, Randolph Ave, Drake St               | UP              |
| 57 | Westway Terminal Co. #2                         | 2225 Childs Rd                                | Saint Paul            | Ramsey          | Molasses, Vegetable Oil   | I-94, TH 10, Warner Rd, Childs Rd                | UP              |
| 58 | Westway Terminal Co. #1                         | 2175 Childs Rd                                | Saint Paul            | Ramsey          | Molasses, Vegetable Oil, Polyethylene Glycol, Caustic Soda, Asphalt | I-94, TH 10, Warner Rd, Childs Rd                | UP              |
| 59 | LaFarge North America                           | 2145 Childs Rd                                | Saint Paul            | Ramsey          | Cement  | I-94, TH 10, Warner Rd, Childs Rd                | UP              |
| 60 | Aggregate Industries - Yard A                   | 1177 Childs Rd                                | Saint Paul            | Ramsey          | Sand, Aggregate, Crushed Stone                                      | I-94, TH 10, Warner Rd, Childs Rd                | UP              |
| 61 | Hawkins Inc. Terminal #1                        | 1125 Childs Rd                                | Saint Paul            | Ramsey          | Liquid Caustic Soda   | I-94, TH 10, Warner Rd, Childs Rd                | UP              |
| 62 | Great Western Dock & Terminal                   | 1031 Childs Rd                                | Saint Paul            | Ramsey          | Steel Products, Coal, Salt Coke, Slag Fertilizer, Pig Iron          | I-94, TH 10, Warner Rd, Childs Rd                | UP              |
| 63 | BNSF Saint Paul Auto Reload                     | 90 Fish Hatchery Rd                           | Saint Paul            | Ramsey          | Auto Reload (Honda, Nissan, Toyota, et al)                          | I-94, TH 10, Warner Rd, Fish Hatchery Rd         | BNSF            |
| 64 | CHS, Inc. - Terminal #2                         | 935 Childs Rd                                 | Saint Paul            | Ramsey          | Grain   | I-94, TH 10, Warner Rd, Childs Rd                | UP              |
| 65 | AgriLance                                       | 50 Chester St                                 | Saint Paul            | Ramsey          | Bulk Fertilizer and Phosphate                                       | TH 52, Plato Blvd E, Chester St                  | UP              |
| 66 | Plastic Express                                 | 730 Transfer Rd                               | Saint Paul            | Ramsey          | Plastics  | I-94, Vandalla St, University Ave W, Transfer Rd | MNRR            |
| 67 | BNSF Midway Yard                                | 1701 Pierce Butler Rte                        | Saint Paul            | Ramsey          | COFC/TOFC   | MN 51, Pierce Butler Rte                         | BNSF            |
| 68 | Ee-Jay Motor Transports Inc. - Transfer         | 2578 Kasota Ave                               | Saint Paul            | Ramsey          | Plastics  | MN 290, Kasota Ave SE                            | MNRR            |
| 69 | Trailwood Warehouse                             | 2520 Como Ave                                 | Saint Paul            | Ramsey          | Packaged General Commodities  | MN 290, Como Ave                                 | MNRR            |
| 72 | CHS Inc - Savage Elevator                       | 6200 W Highway 13                             | Savage                | Scott           | Grain   | TH 13  | UP              |
| 73 | Mosaic Bulk Unloading Dock                      | 12120 Lynn Ave S                              | Savage                | Scott           | Fertilizer, Salt  | TH 13  | UP              |
| 74 | Port Cargill - Grain Dock                       | 12101 Lynn Ave S                              | Savage                | Scott           | Grain   | TH 13  | UP              |
| 75 | Port Cargill - West Elevator                    | 12100 Dakota Ave                              | Savage                | Scott           | Grain   | TH 13  | UP              |
| 76 | Port Bunge                                      | 12100 Yosemite Ave S                          | Savage                | Scott           | Grain   | TH 13  | UP, CP, TC&W    |
| 77 | Superior Minerals Co.                           | 12051 Yosemite Ave S                          | Savage                | Scott           | Aggregate   | TH 13  | UP, CP          |
| 4  | Aggregate Industries - Nelson Plant             | 11250 Gray Cloud Trail S                      | Cottage Grove         | Washington      | Aggregate   | US 10, Gray Cloud Island Rd                      | None            |
| 5  | Auto Warehousing Co. - Auto Reload              | 9250 Ideal Ave. S                             | Cottage Grove         | Washington      | Auto Reload (Ford, GM, Chrysler, Mercedes)                          | US 61, Jamaica Ave S, 95th St S, Ideal Ave. S    | CP              |
| 70 | Aggregate Industries - Larson Plant             | 10120 Gray Cloud Island Dr S                  | Saint Paul Park       | Washington      | Crushed Limestone   | US 10, Gray Cloud Island Rd                      | None            |
| 71 | Marathon Ashland                                | 300 3rd Ave W                                 | Saint Paul Park       | Washington      | Asphalt, Petroleum, Light Oils                                      | I-494, TH 10, 5th Ave, 7th Ave, 3rd Ave E        | CP              |

**App. J: Map – Major Intermodal Freight Facilities in Metro Area**

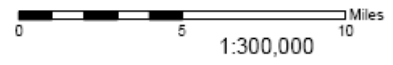
Map is also available to download at

<http://www.metrocouncil.org/planning/transportation/regsolicit.htm>

# Major Intermodal Freight Facilities in the Twin Cities Metro Area



Minnesota Department of Transportation  
Office of Freight and Commercial Vehicle Operations  
27 March 2007



## APPENDIX K

### Project Implementation Schedule

Please check those that apply and fill in anticipated completion dates

**1) Project Scope**

- Stake Holders have been identified
- Meetings or contacts with Stake Holders have occurred

**2) Layout or Preliminary Plan**

- Identified Alternates
- Selected Alternates
- Layout or Preliminary Plan started
- Layout or Preliminary Plan completed

Anticipated date or date of completion: \_\_\_\_\_

**3) Environmental Documentation**

- EIS    EA    PM

Document Status

- Document not started
- Document in progress; environmental impacts identified
- Document submitted to State Aid for review (date submitted: \_\_\_\_\_)
- Document approved (need copy of signed cover sheet)

Anticipated date or date of completion/approval: \_\_\_\_\_

**4) R/W**

- No R/W required
- R/W required, parcels not identified
- R/W required, parcels identified
- R/W has been acquired

Anticipated date or date of acquisition \_\_\_\_\_

**5) Railroad Involvement**

- No railroad involvement on project
- Railroad R/W Agreement required; negotiations not begun
- Railroad R/W Agreement required; negotiations have begun
- Railroad R/W Agreement is complete

**6) Construction Documents/Plan**

- Construction plans have not been started
- Construction plans in progress

Anticipated date or date of completion: \_\_\_\_\_

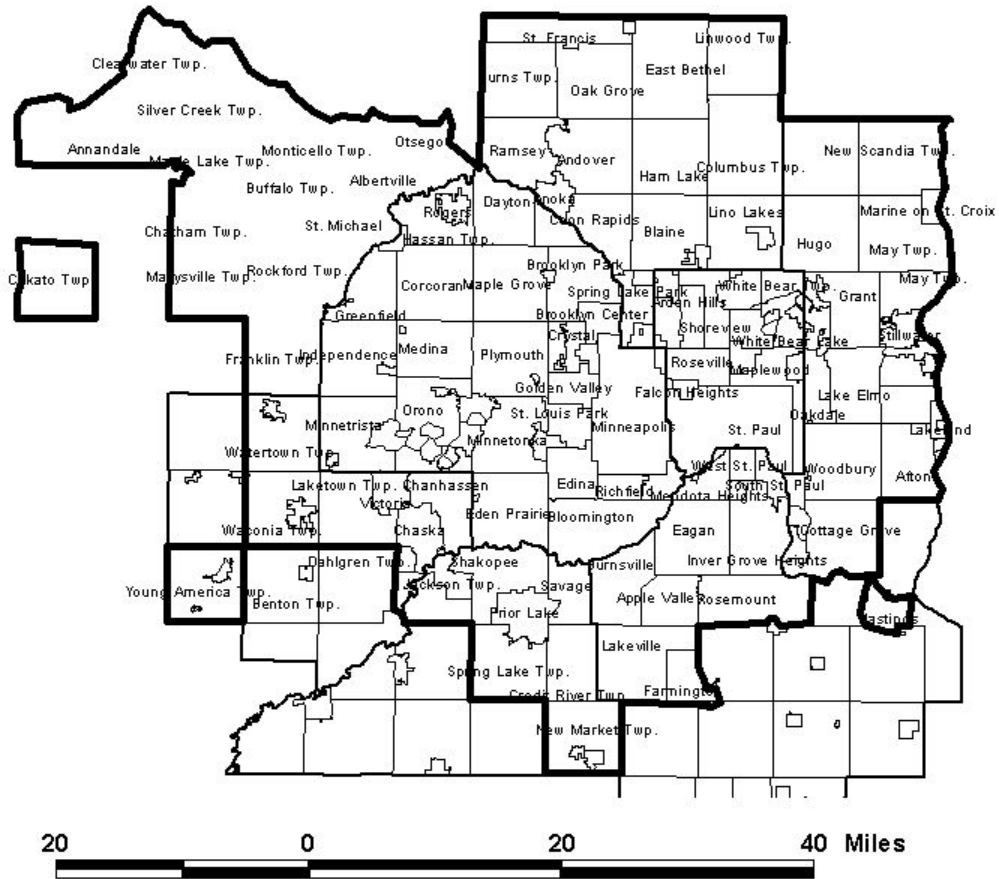
- Construction plans completed/approved

**7) Letting**

Anticipated Letting Date: \_\_\_\_\_



## Appendix M Twin Cities Carbon Monoxide Maintenance Area



Based on Federal Register Notice November 6, 1991

## APPENDIX N

### CMAQ (B.1.) - Increase in hourly person throughput.

The applicant must calculate the percentage increase in hourly person throughput in the AM peak hour, in the peak direction of travel, at the most congested location in the project benefit area using the following equation:

#### Section A (For CMAQ System Management Projects Only)

**Existing Hourly Person Throughput = (Hourly Vehicle Capacity of the Roadway Segment multiplied AM Peak Hour Vehicle Occupancy) + AM Peak Hour Transit Ridership**

**Projected New Hourly Person Throughput = (Hourly Vehicle Capacity of the Roadway Segment multiplied Projected New AM Peak Hour Vehicle Occupancy)**

**Hourly Person Throughput Improvement = (New Hourly Person Throughput – Existing Hourly Person Throughput) divided by (Existing Hourly Person Throughput) multiplied by 100**

- Compute the existing vehicle capacity of the roadway segment (the approach to the intersection in the peak direction of travel) using the design capacity figures described in Appendix A.
- Factor in the appropriate AM peak hour vehicle occupancy rate (See Appendix T).
- Calculate the existing hourly person throughput.
- Revise the vehicle capacity and AM peak hour vehicle occupancy for the proposed project, as appropriate, and calculate the hourly person throughput after implementation of the project.

#### Sample calculation

Roadway type: Four-lane expressway (2 lanes in each direction)

- Roadway vehicle capacity (700 vehicles per lane per hour multiplied by 2) = 1400
- AM peak hour vehicle occupancy = 1.12
- Existing hourly person throughput = (1400 \* 1.12)
- Existing hourly person throughput = 1668

Proposed improvement: Funding for a transportation management organization that is expected to increase carpooling and transit ridership along the expressway.

- Vehicle capacity = 1400
- AM peak hour vehicle occupancy = 1.15
- Projected new hourly person throughput = (1400 \* 1.15)
- Projected new hourly person throughput = 1810

Hourly person throughput improvement =  $((1810 - 1668) / (1668)) * 100 = 8.5\%$

**Section B (For CMAQ Transit Expansion Projects Only)**

**Hourly Person Throughput Improvement = ((Projected New AM Peak Hour Transit Ridership divided by (Hourly Vehicle Capacity of the Roadway Segment multiplied AM Peak Hour Vehicle Occupancy)) multiplied by 100**

- Identify the most congested corridor segment along the route: Use Appendix O, AM Peak, to determine most congested freeway segment. Use the most congested freeway segment location for calculations unless there is an arterial expressway along the route with more hours of congestion than the freeway.
- Determine Roadway Type (including metered/unmetered), number of lanes, and any concurrent HOV lanes.
- Calculate Roadway Vehicle Capacity using Roadway Type and Design Capacities from Appendix A.
- Using Appendix T, determine the AM Peak Hour Vehicle Occupancy of the most congested segment (take an average of the three years).
- Calculate Hourly Person Throughput Improvement

Sample calculation

Proposed improvement: New 500-space park-and-ride facility, located South of the I-35 E/W split, with bus routes to Minneapolis.

Most congested segment: Either I-35W Crosstown commons area (TH 62) or I-35W intersection with TH 13; both have > 2 hrs congestion. This example chose most congested segment as: I-35W intersection with TH 13.

Roadway Type/Information: The most congested segment has TWO roadway types, metered freeway with 2 lanes and HOV lane concurrent with 1 lane.

- Roadway vehicle capacity:  
 (metered freeway 1950 vehicles per lane per hour multiplied by 2 lanes) = 3900  
 (HOV concurrent 1400 vehicles per lane per hour multiplied by 1 lane) = 1400  
 + \_\_\_\_\_  
 Total = 5300

- AM peak hour vehicle occupancy = 1.11
- New AM peak hour bus ridership = 375
- Hourly person throughput improvement = (375) divided by (5300 \* 1.11) multiplied by (100)
- Hourly person throughput improvement= 6.4 %

| Location                | Roadway Type          | Design Capacity (App. A) (veh/hr/lane) | # lanes | Roadway Capacity (veh/hr) | AM peak hr veh Occupancy (App. T) | New AM peak hr bus Ridership | Hourly Person Throughput Improvement |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|--|---------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| I-35W & TH 13, S. Metro | metered freeway       | 1,950                                  | 2       | 3900                      | 1.11                              | 375                          | 6.4%                                 |
|                         | HOV lane (concurrent) | 1,400                                  | 1       | 1400                      |                                   |                              |                                      |
|                         | TOTAL                 |  |         | 5300                      |                                   |                              |                                      |

Contact person: James Andrew, Metropolitan Council, 651-602-1721

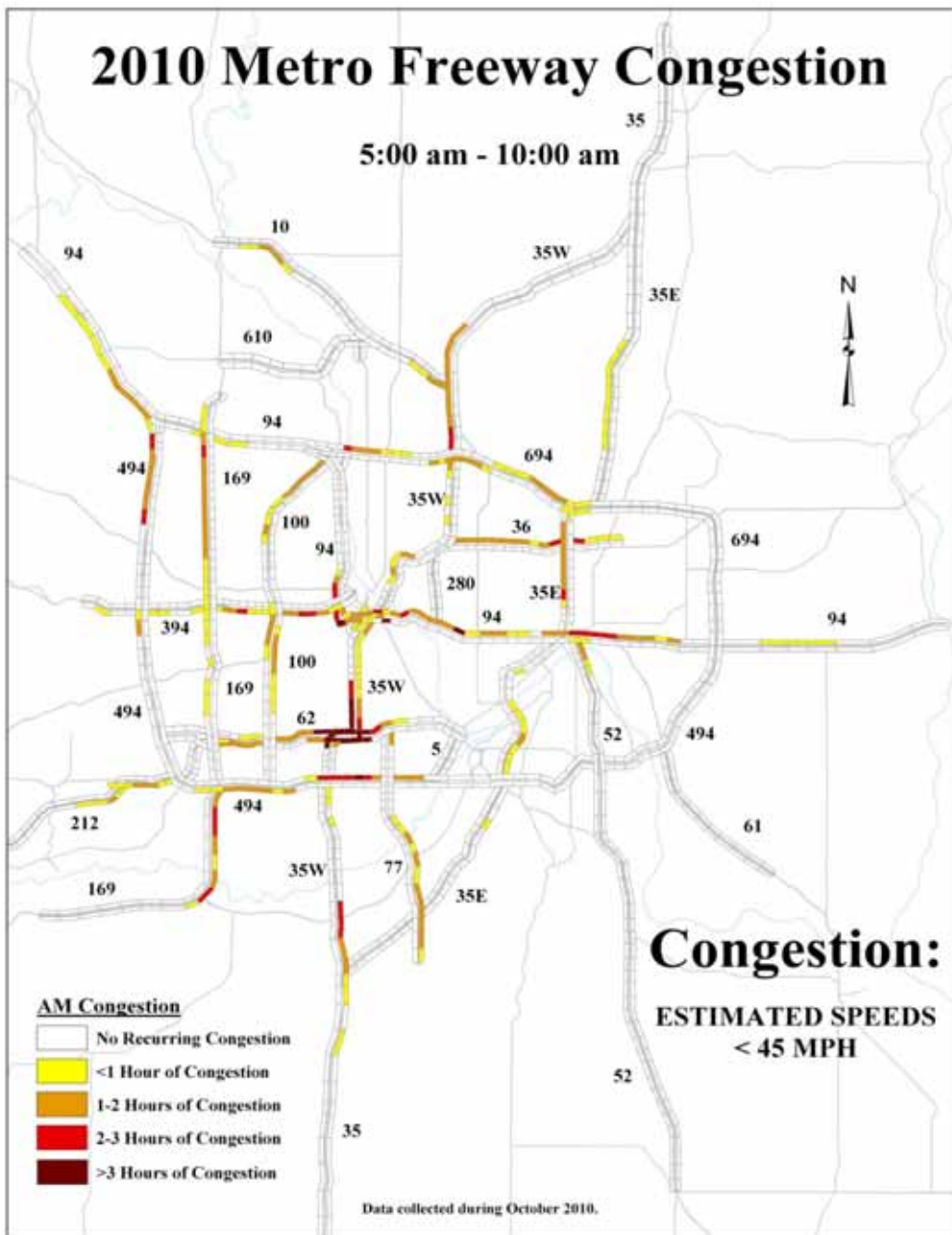
## **APPENDIX O**

### **CMAQ (B.2.) – Location of AM and PM Peak Period Congestion**

Applicants should illustrate that the project will reduce congestion in a congested corridor, using the following two congested arterial maps or the 2010 Congestion Report (<http://www.dot.state.mn.us/congestionreport/CongestionReport2010.pdf>). If you have an electronic copy of this document and the pdf maps are not shown on the next two pages, or for color copies of the maps, contact James Andrew (651-602-1721 or [james.andrew@metc.state.mn.us](mailto:james.andrew@metc.state.mn.us)) at the Metropolitan Council. If the applicable corridor is not listed, and there is a congestion problem, see the criteria in the main document for an explanation of how to illustrate congestion reduction.

## Map: AM Peak Period Congestion

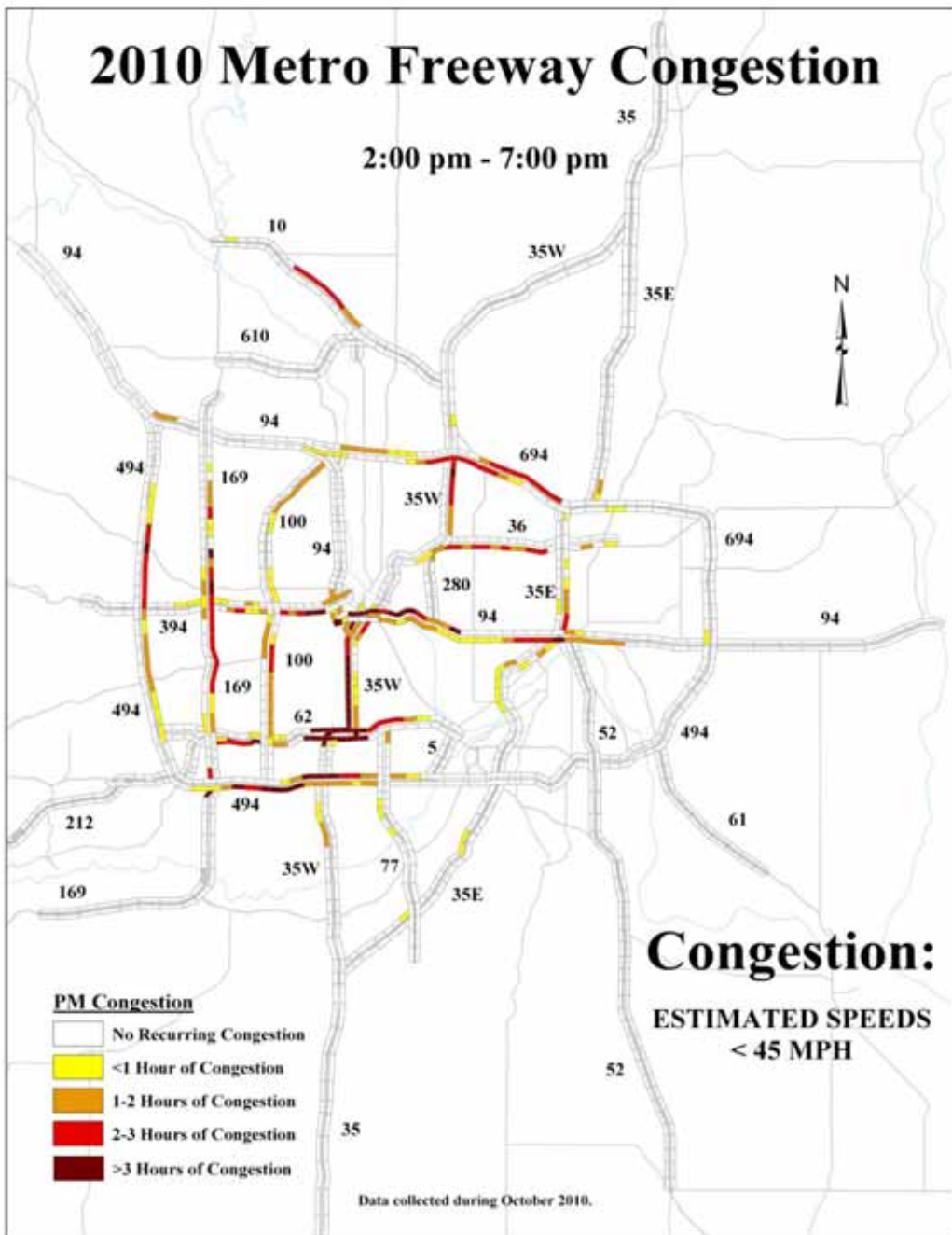
Congestion Report available at <http://www.metrocouncil.org/planning/transportation/regsolicit.htm>



# Map: PM Peak Period Congestion

Congestion Report available at

<http://www.metrocouncil.org/planning/transportation/regsolicit.htm>



## Appendix P: Net Operating Cost Worksheet New or Expanded Transit Service

### For applicants who use a contracted service provider

|     |  |     |
|-----|--|-----|
| 1a) | Cost per Platform Hour<br><i>All operational and contract costs including driver labor, fuel, administration and other related costs divided by the number of platform hours operated.</i> |     |
| 1b) | Name of Provider:  |     |
| 2)  | Proposed Platform Hours ( <i>From "Service Description Summary" section</i> )  |     |
| 3)  | Gross Operating Cost ( <i>Line 1 times Line 2</i> )  | \$0 |
| 4)  | Estimated Fare Box Revenue ( <i>Based on Projected Ridership</i> )   |     |
| 5)  | Net Operating Cost ( <i>Line 3 minus Line 4</i> )  | \$0 |

### For applicants who provide service directly

|     |  |         |
|-----|--|---------|
| 1)  | Total Agency 2007 Transit Operating Budget, less any non-transportation costs, allocations, or accruals<br><i>(Costs must be comparable whether contracted or direct service provider)</i> |         |
| 2)  | Agency Budget minus Maintenance, Fuel, and Parts Costs:<br><i>(Maintenance includes mechanics, tools, and other mechanics-related costs)</i>   |         |
| 3)  | Agency Budget for Maintenance, Fuel, and Parts:<br><i>(Line Two plus Line 3 should equal Line One)</i>   | \$0     |
| 4)  | 2007 Annual Projected Vehicle Platform Hours:  |         |
| 5)  | 2007 Annual Projected Vehicle Platform Miles:  |         |
| 6)  | Fixed Cost per Platform Hour<br><i>(Line 2 divided by Line 4)</i>  | #DIV/0! |
| 7)  | Variable Cost per Platform Mile<br><i>(Line 3 divided by Line 5)</i>   | #DIV/0! |
| 8)  | Proposed Platform Hours ( <i>From "Service Description Summary" section</i> )  |         |
| 9)  | Total Cost for Proposed Platform Hours ( <i>Line 6 multiplied by Line 8</i> )  | #DIV/0! |
| 10) | Multiply Line 7 by the Number of Service Miles Proposed  |         |
| 11) | Gross Operating Cost ( <i>Line 9 plus Line 10</i> )  | #DIV/0! |
| 12) | Estimated Fare Box Revenue ( <i>Based on Projected Ridership</i> )   |         |
| 13) | Net Operating Cost ( <i>Line 11 minus Line 12</i> )  | #DIV/0! |

### For agencies with a mix of directly provided and contracted services

If the vehicles in this proposal will be assigned to a contractor, use the contracted service section of this form. If the vehicles will be used in direct service, complete that section of the form, using only the portion of your budget and service hours that are used in direct service.

## Appendix P2: Project Summary Worksheet (New or Expanded Transit Service)

Number of Service Years

|                                      |                     | Year 3 or Final Year (if less than 3) | Total |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------------|-------|
| Peak Period Vehicles                 |                     |                                       |       |
| <b>Platform Hours</b>                |                     |                                       |       |
| Additional Daily Platform Hours      |                     |                                       |       |
| 2007 Platform Hour Rate*             |                     |                                       |       |
| Daily Cost                           |                     | \$0.00                                |       |
| Annual Platform Hours                |                     |                                       |       |
| Annual Cost                          |                     | \$0.00                                |       |
| <b>Platform Miles</b>                |                     |                                       |       |
| Additional Daily Platform Miles      |                     |                                       |       |
| 2007 Platform Mile Rate*             |                     |                                       |       |
| Daily Cost                           |                     | \$0.00                                |       |
| Annual Platform Miles                |                     |                                       |       |
| Annual Cost                          |                     | \$0.00                                |       |
| <b>Total Annual Operating Cost</b>   |                     | \$0                                   | \$0   |
| Average Daily Ridership              |                     |                                       |       |
| Average Daily Fare                   |                     |                                       |       |
| Daily Revenue                        |                     | \$0                                   |       |
| Annual Ridership                     |                     |                                       |       |
| Total Annual Revenue                 |                     | \$0                                   | \$0   |
| Net Operating Cost                   |                     | \$0.00                                |       |
| Net Operation Cost per Passenger     |                     | #DIV/0!                               |       |
| Passenger per Platform Hour          |                     | #DIV/0!                               |       |
|                                      | <b>Fund Percent</b> |                                       |       |
| <b>Annual Federal Share (CMAQ)</b>   | 80%                 | \$0                                   | \$0   |
| <b>Annual Local Share (Matching)</b> | 20%                 | \$0                                   | \$0   |
| <b>Total Annual Project Cost</b>     | 100%                | \$0                                   | \$0   |

Costs are expressed in 2007 dollars (NOT factored for inflation).  
See Appendix P for rate per hour and per mile calculation.



## APPENDIX Q

### Technical Advisory Committee and Transportation Advisory Board Membership

| <b>Technical Advisory Committee</b>      |  |
|--|--|
| Name                                     | Representing                                       |
| Allen Lovejoy, Chair<br>Mike Klassen     | City of St. Paul                                   |
| Jon Olson                                | Anoka County                                       |
| Kate Garwood (alt.)                      | Anoka County                                       |
| Lyndon Robjent                           | Carver County                                      |
| Brian Sorenson<br>Mark Krebsbach (alt.)  | Dakota County                                      |
| Tom Johnson<br>James Grube (alt.)        | Hennepin County                                    |
| Tim Mayasich, Co-Chair<br>Joe Lux (alt.) | Ramsey County                                      |
| Lisa Freese<br>Craig Jenson (alt)        | Scott County                                       |
| Wayne Sandberg<br>Ted Schoenecker(alt.)  | Washington County                                  |
| Karl Keel                                | Assoc. of Metro Munic.                             |
| Carolyn Braun                            | Assoc. of Metro Munic.                             |
| Chuck Ahl                                | Assoc. of Metro Munic.                             |
| Richard McCoy                            | Assoc. of Metro Munic.                             |
| Bob Moberg                               | Assoc. of Metro Munic.                             |
| Jennifer Levitt                          | Assoc. of Metro Munic.                             |
| Kimberly Lindquist                       | Assoc. of Metro Munic.                             |
| John Powell                              | Assoc. of Metro Munic.                             |
| Jenifer Loritz<br>Karen Berkholtz        | City of Minneapolis                                |
| Pat Bursaw<br>Brian Isaacson (alt)       | Mn/DOT   |
| Susan Moe                                | Federal Hwy. Admin.                                |
| Beverley Miller                          | MN Valley Transit Auth.                            |
| Innocent Eyoh                            | Minnesota Pollution<br>Control Agency              |
| Robert Vorphal                           | Metropolitan Airports<br>Commission                |
| Adam Harrington                          | Metropolitan Council<br>(Metro Transit)            |
| John Kari                                | Metropolitan Council<br>(Community<br>Development) |
| Carl Ohrn<br>Connie Kozlak (alt.)        | Metropolitan Council<br>(Transportation)           |
| Kevin Roggenbuck                         | Transportation Advisory<br>Board                   |
| Ann Braden                               | TAC Secretary                                      |

| <b>Transportation Advisory Board</b> |                                       |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Name                                 | Representing                          |
| William Hargis                       | Chair                                 |
| Dennis Berg                          | Anoka County                          |
| Tom Workman                          | Carver County                         |
| Paul Krause                          | Dakota County                         |
| Mark Stenglein                       | Hennepin County                       |
| Tony Bennett                         | Ramsey County                         |
| Jon Ulrich                           | Scott County                          |
| Myra Peterson                        | Washington County                     |
| William Hargis                       | Assoc. of Metro Munic.                |
| Judy Johnson                         | Assoc. of Metro Munic.                |
| Russ Stark                           | Assoc. of Metro Munic.                |
| Robert Lilligren                     | Assoc. of Metro Munic.                |
| Wendy Wulff                          | Assoc. of Metro Munic.                |
| Dan Gustafson                        | Assoc. of Metro Munic.                |
| Julia Whalen                         | Assoc. of Metro Munic.                |
| Bethany Tjornhom                     | Assoc. of Metro Munic.                |
| Jim Hovland                          | Assoc. of Metro Munic.                |
| Dick Swanson                         | Assoc. of Metro Munic.                |
| Steven Schulte                       | District A                            |
| Bill Guidera                         | District B                            |
| James Meyers                         | District C                            |
| Chuck Haik                           | District D                            |
| Bart Ward                            | District E                            |
| Donn Wiski (Chair)                   | District F                            |
| Jill Smith                           | District G                            |
| Ken Johnson                          | District H                            |
| Peggy Leppik                         | Metropolitan Council                  |
| Scott McBride                        | Mn/DOT                                |
| David Thornton                       | Minnesota Pollution<br>Control Agency |
| Sherry Stenerson                     | Metropolitan Airports<br>Commission   |
| Glenn Olson                          | Transit                               |
| Richard Mussell                      | Transit                               |
| Ron Have                             | Freight Movement                      |
| David Gepner                         | Non-Motorized                         |
| Kevin Roggenbuck                     | Transportation Advisory<br>Board      |
| LuAnne Major                         | TAB Secretary                         |



## **APPENDIX R**

### **Qualifying Criteria Review and Challenge Procedures**

Recorded below are the procedures the TAC have adopted for review and challenge of qualifying criteria.

- ◆ The cover letter transmitting the solicitation package emphasizes the need to carefully address the qualifying criteria. The letter notes staff is available to answer questions about the qualifying criteria and emphasizes that projects will be disqualified if they do not meet the qualifying criteria.
- ◆ The instructions state that a project qualified in a past solicitation does not necessarily qualify now due to changes in the criteria or changes to the Council plans or procedures.
- ◆ Staff reviews the responses to the qualifying criteria for all applications received and identifies any responses that may not meet the qualifying criteria.
- ◆ Staff will try to determine if errors were made in applications which the applicant should be allowed to correct (such as miscalculating the 20% local match), but it is the applicant's responsibility to correctly complete the application.
- ◆ The scoring sub-committee chairs from the past solicitation will work with staff to develop recommendations on project qualification. The problems and concerns identified by staff would be reviewed with the scoring sub-committee chair from the past solicitation.
- ◆ Staff will prepare a report to the Funding and Programming Committee on qualifying criteria recommendations. For any application that may not meet the qualifying criteria the following will be provided to the committee at least one week before the committee meeting: the appropriate parts of the application, the staff analysis, if any, and the staff recommendations. This report will also be made available to the affected project applicants.
- ◆ Project applicants are invited to attend the Funding and Programming Committee meeting and defend their applications.
- ◆ The Funding and Programming Committee will make the final determination on qualifications. No appeal beyond this committee shall occur.

## APPENDIX S

### Process and Procedures to Review Challenges to Criteria Scores for the 2009 Solicitation

Recorded below is the process to handle challenges to criteria scores adopted by the Technical Advisory Committee (TAC). Section I is the generic schedule the process follows. The schedule starts at the time the scoring subcommittees present scores to the Funding and Programming Committee (F&PC). Section II records the process to review challenges to scores and Section III records some procedures that must be followed. The specific dates are recorded in the schedule in the main body of the solicitation package (beginning on p. 2).

#### I. Schedule Relative to Challenging Criteria Scores

1. F&PC approves project scores submitted by scoring sub-committees and staff makes them available on the Council web site within three working days.
2. All applicants are notified via electronic mail that scores are available on the web site. Their scores will be faxed or mailed if requested.
3. Applicants are reminded that they can request further review of the individual criteria scores given to their project. The notification to the applicants describes the process to request re-scoring of a criterion. Staff receives a lot of phone calls and emails at this point in the process from applicants asking why their project received X amount of points. Staff uses the scorers' methodology reports to answer their questions.
4. Applicants will have approximately two weeks to submit a written request to the TAB Coordinator to challenge one or more criteria scores. This request may be by facsimile, postal mail, electronic mail, or hand delivered. (The material to be submitted is described below)
5. Staff reviews project score challenges. (Process described in Section II.)
6. Funding and Programming Committee and the applicants are mailed copies of the letter challenging the scores and staff review of the challenge and recommendations at least one week before the committee meeting
7. The F&PC holds a meeting open to the public and the applicants. No testimony will be allowed. F&PC votes on each challenge. The result of score reviews are reported to TAC.
8. The TAC reports the results of the score reviews to TAB Programming Committee.

#### II. Staff Process to Review Score Challenges.

1. The letter from the applicant must specify the criteria score being challenged and why the applicant thinks the score is incorrect.
2. Staff reviews the reasons given to suspect the criteria scores.
  - A. Staff discusses the score and evaluation with Chair of subcommittee and/or individual scorer.
    - Review methodology of scoring.
    - Review the answers given to criteria questions. Does answer conform to directions provided? Is answer clear?
  - B. Staff checks to make sure math is correct for calculating the score.

- C. Staff compares score to similar projects
  - D. Staff records conclusion/recommendation and reasons. This is sent to F&PC and project sponsor at least one week prior to F&PC meeting, which is open to the public.
3. Staff presents analysis and recommendation to F&PC.
- A. Staff notes if the change in score will change the order and/or priority of projects.
  - B. Staff makes change and ranking of projects.
  - C. No testimony is allowed by project sponsor. Questions may be asked by F&PC Chair.

### III. Procedures

- 1. No new material will be accepted as part of the score challenge unless requested by staff.
- 2. No one may challenge the score of projects they do not officially represent.
- 3. If a problem is discovered in the solicitation package or scoring methodology the F&PC will work to correct it prior to the next solicitation.

## **APPENDIX T**

### **AM Metro Area Peak Hour Vehicle Occupancy Rates (for Appendix I and Appendix N)**

The calculations for Increase in Hourly Throughput (App. I for roadway projects and App. N for CMAQ projects) require the applicant to factor the appropriate AM peak hour vehicle occupancy rate. Instructions in previous solicitation packages for making these calculations referenced the attached site location data (attached is Appendix C from the 2001 Regional Solicitation). Updated rates are still not available. Applicants should again use the data on the following pages for making these calculations using the most appropriate site location given the location of the project, under the assumption that vehicle occupancy rates remain relatively flat over time. If, however, the applicant or another entity known to the applicant has conducted a more recent study on the applicable section of roadway and collected AM vehicle occupancy rates, those rates may be used as long as the applicant documents the source of the data. (Map and Table appear on the pages below.)

Contact: James Andrew, Metropolitan Council, 651-602-1721, or [james.andrew@metc.state.mn.us](mailto:james.andrew@metc.state.mn.us).



### AM Metro Area Peak Hour Vehicle Occupancy Rates

| Site Number<br>(correspond to map on<br>previous page) | 1995 Rate<br>(7:15 - 8:15 AM) | 1996 Rate<br>(7:15 - 8:15 AM) | 1997 Rate<br>(7:00 - 8:00 AM) |
|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1  | 1.15                          | 1.17                          | 1.12                          |
| 2  | 1.23                          | 1.26                          | 1.22                          |
| 3  | 1.09                          | 1.09                          | 1.08                          |
| 4  | 1.16                          | 1.14                          | 1.15                          |
| 5  | 1.21                          | 1.33                          | 1.35                          |
| 6  | 1.18                          | 1.15                          | 1.15                          |
| 7  | 1.19                          | 1.17                          | 1.20                          |
| 8  | 1.14                          | 1.15                          | 1.17                          |
| 9  | 1.16                          | 1.17                          | 1.16                          |
| 10   | 1.07                          | 1.08                          | 1.08                          |
| 11   | 1.05                          | 1.09                          | 1.10                          |
| 12   | 1.16                          | 1.14                          | 1.15                          |
| 13   | 1.05                          | 1.05                          | 1.08                          |
| 14   | 1.14                          | 1.18                          | 1.12                          |
| 15   | 1.07                          | 1.07                          | 1.07                          |
| 16   | 1.05                          | 1.06                          | 1.05                          |
| 17   | 1.11                          | 1.12                          | 1.10                          |
| 18   | 1.04                          | 1.10                          | 1.08                          |
| 19   | 1.09                          | 1.09                          | 1.07                          |
| 20   | 1.10                          | 1.10                          | 1.10                          |
| 21   | 1.10                          | 1.10                          | 1.07                          |
| 22   | 1.08                          | 1.09                          | 1.07                          |
| 23   | 1.06                          | 1.08                          | 1.06                          |
| 24   | 1.08                          | 1.07                          | 1.09                          |
| 25   | 1.11                          | 1.12                          | 1.13                          |
| 26   | 1.03                          | 1.07                          | 1.06                          |
| 27   | 1.10                          | 1.14                          | 1.12                          |
| 28   | 1.09                          | 1.10                          | 1.09                          |
| 29   | 1.11                          | 1.07                          | 1.05                          |
| 30   | 1.07                          | 1.06                          | 1.07                          |
| 31   | 1.09                          | 1.07                          | 1.08                          |
| 32   | 1.03                          | 1.16                          | 1.14                          |
| 33   | 1.10                          | 1.08                          | 1.08                          |
| 34   | 1.06                          | 1.06                          | 1.06                          |
| 35   | 1.13                          | 1.12                          | 1.10                          |
| 36   | 1.13                          | 1.13                          | *                             |
| 37   | 1.24                          | 1.23                          | 1.27                          |
| 38   | 1.17                          | 1.19                          | 1.22                          |
| Average Rate   | 1.11                          | 1.12                          | 1.12                          |

\* site 36 data not collected in 1997.

Source: MN/DOT Vehicle Occupancy Summary: Twin Cities Metropolitan Area, July, 1998