

# Municipal Wastewater Rates and Service Availability Charge

Presented to the Metropolitan Council July 22, 2009

Bill Moore, Environmental Services General Manager

### **Current SAC System**

- Worked for 35 years
- Lowest flow in 30+ years
- Lowest SAC units in history
- Reserve Balance will fall below minimum balance

#### **SAC Transfer**

Debt Service x.40 = SAC Transfer

\$90 million x.40 = \$36 million

Reserve (40%)

Capacity (60%)

#### 2005-2010 Flow

#### Billed flow in billion gallons



Note: 2010 is estimated

# The recent decrease in SAC units has caused pressure on the SAC reserve fund balance:

**— 2003: 21,150** 

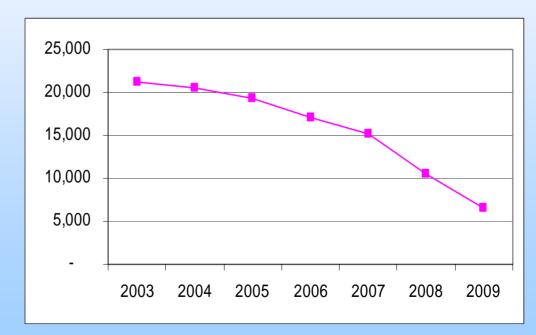
**— 2004: 20,542** 

**— 2005: 19,334** 

**2006: 17,052** 

**— 2007: 15,193** 

**— 2008: 10,470** 



— 2009: 6,000-7,500 projected

Three scenarios of SAC units under different levels of economic recovery:

| year | Slow   | Moderate | Stronger |
|------|--------|----------|----------|
| 2009 | 6,000  | 7,000    | 8,000    |
| 2010 | 8,000  | 10,000   | 12,000   |
| 2011 | 10,000 | 12,000   | 14,000   |
| 2012 | 12,000 | 14,000   | 16,000   |
| 2013 | 14,000 | 16,000   | 18,000   |
| 2014 | 16,000 | 18,000   | 20,000   |
| 2015 | 18,000 | 20,000   | 20,000   |
| 2016 | 20,000 | 20,000   | 20,000   |

#### Slow economic recovery scenario:

|                | SAC rate |                | Estimated |
|----------------|----------|----------------|-----------|
| needed to keep |          | SAC            | minimum-  |
| positive-fund  |          | reserve        | balance   |
|                | balance  | <u>balance</u> | deficit   |
| 2009           | \$2,000  | \$32M          | \$6M      |
| 2010           | \$2,100  | \$15M          | \$20M     |
| 2011           | \$2,600  | \$3M           | \$34M     |
| 2012           | \$3,100  | \$1M           | \$38M     |
| 2013           | \$3,200  | \$3M           | \$41M     |

#### **Revenue Generation**

| 2010 SAC Transfer<br>8,000 SAC units | \$35.0 million<br>16.8 million |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Reserve needed                       | 18.2 million                   |
| Raise SAC \$2,000<br>8,000 x \$2,000 | 16.0 million                   |
| MWC increased 10%                    | 16.0 million                   |

#### ■ <u>Slow</u> economic recovery scenario:

|      | SAC Reserve Balance                                    |                  |   |
|------|--|------------------|---|
|      | SAC rate<br>needed to keep<br>positive-fund<br>balance | With full<br>CIP | If projects not yet under construction are eliminated |
| 2009 | \$2,000  | \$32M            | \$32M   |
| 2010 | \$2,100  | \$15M            | \$15M   |
| 2011 | \$2,600  | \$3M             | \$3M  |
| 2012 | \$3,100  | \$1M             | \$8M  |
| 2013 | \$3,200  | \$3M             | \$20M   |
| 2014 | \$3,300  | \$5M             | \$39M   |

#### **SAC Revenue Alternatives**

- Borrow from Operating Reserve
- Legislative change that allows transfer of funds from Municipal Wastewater Charge (MWC) to SAC fund
- Change SAC Transfer Formula

#### Rationale

- Changing SAC Transfer Formula
  - Weather can have a significant impact on reserve capacity
  - Reserve capacity purchased (SAC) Is not reducing reserve capacity because of low flows

#### **Model Comparison**

#### Flow Based

- System Capacity: million gallons/day (MGD)
- Capacity Used: measured annual flow (variable)
- Reserve Capacity: system capacity minus measured annual flow (variable)

#### **SAC Based**

- System Capacity: SAC units (MGD/274)
- Capacity Used: SAC purchased/ credits (stable)
- Reserve Capacity: SAC units built minus SAC paid/credit (stable)